HARPER, McPHERSON & BUEHLER,
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS,
Baltimore street, between the Diamond and Diamond,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Wednesday afternoon, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 if not paid within the year. No subscription discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at reasonable rates. A liberal deduction will be made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year. Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.

☞ The circulation of THE STAR AND SENTINEL is one-half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.

☞ JOB WORK of all kinds will be promptly executed, and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style will be printed at short notice. Terms, CASH.

The Star and Sentinel.

VOL. LXVIII. NO. 7. GETTYSBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 8, 1868. WHOLE NO. 3491.

Professional Cards, &c.

D. McCONAUGHY, JOHN M. KRICH

Attorneys and Counsellors.

D. McCONAUGHY has associated with him JOHN M. KRAUHL, Esq., in the practice of the law, at his old office, one door west of BUEHLER'S Drug store, Chambersburg street.

Special attention given to Suits, Collections and Settlement of Estates. All legal business, and claims to Pensions, Bounty, Back-pay, and Damages against U. States, at all times, promptly and efficiently attended to.

Land warrants located, and choice Farms for sale, in Iowa and other western States. [Nov. 27, 1867.–tf

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office at his residence in the South-east corner of Centre Square.

Reference—Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, Lancaster, Pa. May 29, 1867.

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office at his residence in the South-east corner of Centre Square.

Reference—Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, Lancaster, Pa. May 29, 1867.

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care.

☞ Office at his residence in the three story building opposite the Court House. [Gettysburg, May 29, 1867

CLAIM AGENCY.—The undersigned will attend to the collection of claims against the U. S. Government, including Military Bounties, Back Pay, Pensions, Forage, &c., either in the Courts of Claims or before any of the Departments at Washington.

R. McCREARY.

May 22, 1867. Attorney at Law, Gettysburg, Pa.

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL

Has his Office at his residence in Baltimore street, two squares above the Court House Office.

Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

JOHN LAWRENCE HILL, Dentist, Office in Chambersburg street, one door west of the Lutheran Church, directly opposite Dr. R. Horner's Drug Store, where he will be found ready and willing to attend to anything in the practice of the Dentist—Persons in want of full sets of teeth are invited to call.

May 29, 1867.

DR. C. W. BENSON

HAS RESUMED the Practice of Medicine in LITTLESTOWN, and offers his services to the public. Office at his house, corner of Leonard street and Foundry alley, near the Railroad. Special attention given to Skin Diseases. [Littlestown, Nov. 13, 1867.

Business Cards.

JOHN W. TIPTON, FASHIONABLE BARBER, North-East corner of the Diamond next door to McClellan's Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also a skilful assistant and will ensure satisfaction. Give him a call.

May 29, 1867.

SURVEYOR AND LICENSED CONVEYANCER. The undersigned, having taken out a Conveyancer's License, will, in connection with the office of COUNTY SURVEYOR, attend to the WRITING OF DEEDS, BONDS, RELEASES, WILLS ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, CLERKING OF SALES, &C.

Having had considerable experience in this line, he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. Business promptly attended to and charges reasonable. Post office address, Fairfield, Adams Co., Pa. J. S. WITHEROW.

May 29, 1867.–1y

OH! YES! OH! YES!

THE undersigned having taken out an Auctioneer's License, offers his services to the public, and would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to attend to all business in this line. By strict attention to business he hopes to render entire satisfaction. ☞ Charges will be very moderate, and satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. Address—

HIRAM ALBERT,
Mearsprings, York Co. Pa.

May 29, 1867.–tf

OH YES! OH YES!

The undersigned having taken out an Auctioneer's License offers his services to the public as a SALE CRIER, and will attend to the selling of Real and Personal Property when ever called upon. Having had fifteen years experience he hopes to be able to give general satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call.

JAMES CALDWELL.

Residence, Chambersburg street, Gettysburg.

Oct. 10, 1867.–3m

NOTICE.

I WILL be in Gettysburg with Flour, &c., every MONDAY and FRIDAY in each week. Persons who may desire me to furnish them with either Flour or Feed-stuff, will leave their orders either with John Criswell or Danner & Zeigler, stating the kind and quantity wanted, when the same will be delivered at their dwellings, by

Sept. 25, 1867.–tf GEORGE GINGELL.

CAPITALISTS LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST.

J. C. ZOUCK, REAL ESTATE AGENT.

NEW OXFORD, ADAMS COUNTY, PA.

HAS TWO NO. 1 STORE STANDS, for Sale or Rent, with Stock of Goods, doing a first-rate business, situated near a Railroad, in splendid villages, healthy locations. A good chance for those wishing to engage in the business. A rare chance is offered if applied for immediately. Possession given any time.

Also, 150 Farms, Mills, Country Seats, Foundries, Machine Shops, Town Lots, &c., in Pennsylvania and Maryland, for sale, ranging in prices from $500 to $50,000.

☞ Any person wishing to purchase property, as well as to sell through my agency, will do well to call on the subscriber, or address by letter,

Oct. 30.–3m J. C. ZOUCK, Agent.

Address—New Oxford, Adams county, Penna.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber has now thoroughly repaired his GRIST AND SAW MILL, known as "McILHENNY'S MILL" on Marsh creek and is prepared to do GRINDING AND SAWING of every kind at short notice. He solicits the patronage of the neighborhood, and will guarantee satisfaction. Give us a call.

June 12, 1867.–tf GEORGE GINGELL.

Stoves, Tinware, &c.

TIN-WARE AND STOVES.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF TIN-WARE IN THE COUNTY, AT

S. G. COOK'S,

(Formerly Andrew Polley's) Is also some of THE BEST COOKING-STOVES IN THE MARKET, among which are the

OLD DOMINION,
COMPROMISE,
PENNSYLVANIA,
NOBLE COOK,
ECONOMIST,
BARLEY SHEAF, &c.

Also, many other articles for kitchen use, which will be sold as low as at any other place in the county.

April 12, 1866. S. G. COOK.

Stoves, Tin-Ware, &c., &c.,

THE public are invited to call and examine my immense stock of goods

IN THE STOVE LINE:

Waverly, Noble Cook, Royal Cook, Barley Sheaf, Oriental, Stewart's Cook, Ornamental, Excelsior, Prince Royal and the Emerald Cooking Stoves, all for coal or wood. These varieties are a selection from the best and most popular Cooking Stoves the market affords, and are all warranted to give entire satisfaction. Also, a very large variety of Parlor, Saloon and Shop Stoves, for coal or wood, including the celebrated Morning Glory, the Vulcan, Oval Meteor, Round Modern, Dish, Violet, Gem, Regulator, Comet, Egg, New Egg, Parlor Cook, &c., &c.—Fire Brick and Grates, for coal or wood, always on hand.

IN THE TIN-WARE LINE:

The assortment embraces everything necessary for kitchen or household purposes, including a large number of convenient yet cheap articles of new design which must be seen to be appreciated. The stock is so large and varied that those who have not visited the establishment have no conception of its extent. In addition to the ordinary kitchen articles including Baking Vessels, Toilet Chamber Sets, plain and fancy, Chamber Buckets, Rizzel and Spice Boxes, Tea and Coffee Canisters, Bird Cages, Spittoons, Tinsmiths' Shears, Mill-head Boxes, Waiters, Ale Carriers, Water Coolers, Slaw Cutters, Sugar Cups, Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Patent Nutmeg Graters, Comb Cases, Gen. Grant Plates and Dishes, Ale Pitchers, Tea Buckets, Flour Sieves, Bird Cages, Spout Pans, Coffee Mills, Lanterns, Basting Spoons, Large Forks, Candle Sticks, Candle Moulds, Copper Bottoms, Wrought Iron Frying Pans, Smoothing Irons, Foot Scrapers, Coffee Roasters, Waffle Irons, Sniffers, Dipper and Anchor per Pails, Egg Beaters, Dishes, Pitted Fruit Cans, Coal Sieves, Glass top Fruit Cans, Plain-top Fruit Cans, Self-sealing Jars, &c., &c. The ware made to order, and repairing promptly attended to, by the best of workmen.

IN THE HOLLOW-WARE LINE:

Castiron Pots of every size and variety, get ensue, Porcelain Kettles, for boiling and preserving, Tin-lined Kettles, for ditto, Castiron Stew Pans, of every size and variety, Porcelain and tinned ware with a thousand and one other articles impossible to enumerate in an advertisement.

Attention is specially directed to three valuable patents for which he is agent, and about which there is no humbug, as can be attested by those who have used them, viz: THE UNIVERSAL CLOTHES-WRINGER, DOTTS'S WASHING MACHINE, and the celebrated DIAMOND CHURN.

The public are invited to call and examine goods and prices. He is confident to sell everything in his line, exceeding low prices. Come and see, to gratify your curiosity, if you do not want to buy. No trouble to show goods.

C. H. BUEHLER.

July 3, 1867.–tf

Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

Soldiers' Head-Quarters

AT NORRIS' STORE, is the place to get your

FALL & WINTER GOODS CHEAP FOR CASH.

If you want a cheap Over coat, go to NORRIS'
If you want a good cheap Dress Coat, go to NORRIS'
If you want a good Everyday Coat, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a good pair of Pants, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a good cheap Vest, go to NORRIS'
If you want a FASHIONABLE HAT, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a late Fall Style Cap, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a good pair of Boots or Shoes, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a FASHIONABLE NECK-TIE, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a good French Calf Gaiter, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a good Umbrella, go to NORRIS'.
If you want good Paper Collars, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a fashionable suit of Clothes, go to NORRIS'.
If you want anything in the Gentlemen's line, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a good SMOKE, go to NORRIS'.
If you want good HEAVY UNDER-CLOTHING, go to NORRIS'.

Also—A large stock of CASSIMERES IN THE PIECE. Persons preferring the goods to Ready made Clothing, can be accommodated at the lowest cash price.

Oct. 9, 1867.—tf PHEO. C. NORRIS.

New Boot and Shoe Store.

NEW GOODS AND AT LOW PRICES.

THE undersigned has opened a new Boot and Shoe Store, on BALTIMORE STREET, one door south of the Presbyterian Church and nearly opposite McCreary's Saddler Shop, where he offers an attractive assortment of goods in his line, all new and selected with the greatest care. He has

LADIES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
LADIES' BALMORAL GAITERS,
LADIES' COMMON GAITERS,
LADIES' BALMORAL BOOTS.
IN LARGE VARIETY.
GENTLEMEN'S CALF BOOTS,
GENTLEMEN'S KIP BOOTS,
GENTLEMEN'S CONGRESS GAITERS,
GENTLEMEN'S SLIPPERS, ALL STYLES,
GENTLEMEN'S BALMORALS,
GENTLEMEN'S BROGANS, &c.
MISSES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
MISSES' BALMORAL GAITERS,
MISSES' MOROCCO BALMORALS,
&c. &c. &c. &c.
BOYS' CONGRESS GAITERS,
BOYS' CALF BALMORALS,
BOYS' BROGANS, &c. &c.

All will be sold at the lowest living profits. Buyers, from town and country, are invited to call and examine goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere. I am determined to sell cheap—a little cheaper than any other house in the county. By strict attention to business, and dealing fairly and squarely with everybody, I hope to merit and receive an encouraging share of public patronage.

The MANUFACTURING of Boots and Shoes will be carried on, in all its branches. Neat fits and durable work made to order. Also, Boots and Shoes of his own manufacture constantly on hand. Repairing done on short notice, and no effort spared to give satisfaction. None but first class workmen employed. Having a life-time experience at the business, I feel confident that I can please all who may call.

D. H. KINGLE.

Gettysburg, July 31, 1867.–tf

PICKING JUST FROM THE CITY!

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

Prices Reduced! Reduced! Reduced!

F. B. PICKING, just from the city, with an enormous stock of new

CLOTHING, NOTIONS, &C.,

offers bargains of the most astonishing character. To prove the assertion, all he asks is that buyers will

COME AND SEE! COME AND SEE!

and judge for themselves. He has

COATS	PANTS.
Over Coats,	Black Cassimere Pants,
Black Frock Coats,	Fancy Cassimere Pants,
Cloth Sack Coats,	Satinet Pants,
Cassimere Sack Coats,	Tweed Pants.
Satinet Sack Coats,	
Tweed Sack Coats.	

VESTS,	NOTIONS.
Cloth Vests,	Gloves, Suspenders,
Cassimere Vests,	Black Gloves,
Satinet Vests,	Handkerchiefs,
Velvet Vests,	Neck Ties,
German Vests.	Spring Stocks.
Paper and Linen	Collars, &c

CLOCKS,	ALSO,
Eight-day Clocks,	Violins, Accordeons,
Thirty-hour Clocks,	Flutes, Fifes,
Alarm Clocks,	Violin Strings.
Gothic Clocks,	
Trunks and Umbrellas.	

Buying at the *lowest* and *lowest* decline, PICKING can sell at the very LOWEST prices. No doubt about it—Everybody says so. [Nov. 6, 1867–tf

NEW GOODS.

GEO. ARNOLD

has now opened a LARGE STOCK of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

mostly of his own manufacture, consisting of all kinds of

COATS, PANTS & VESTS,
SHIRTS, DRAWERS,
CRAVATS, HOSIERY, &c.,

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

☞ Call, examine and judge for yourselves. ☜

Oct. 20, 1867.–tf

NEW AND CHEAP CLOTHING

AT BRINKERHOFF'S.

STACKS OF THEM!

CLOTHING FOR FALL AND WINTER WEAR, which he is selling at such prices as cannot fail to take them off very rapidly. Call and judge for yourselves.—To look at the excellent material, tasteful cutting, and neat and substantial sewing, and then to get his low prices—callers cannot help but buy, when they see it so much to their interest to do so.

He has Coats, Pants, Vests, of all styles and materials, Hats, Boots and Shoes;

Shirts, of all kinds, Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Cravats, Linen and Paper Collars, Suspenders, Brushes, Combs;

Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas, Pocket Knives, Segars, Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos, Pipes, Stationery, &c.;

Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, with a thousand and one other articles, entirely too numerous to detail in a newspaper advertisement.

He asks the attention of the public to his new stock, confident that it will please—and no one can or will sell cheaper. Don't forget the place—corner of York street and the Diamond, Gettysburg.

May 29, 1867.–1y JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

New Goods!

CHEAP—CHEAPER—CHEAPEST!

IF you wish to buy good and cheap Goods, call at JACOBS & BRO'S. STORE, (near Myers' Hotel), in Chambersburg street, Gettysburg. They have the very best selection of goods, such as CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, &c., the market can produce, and are determined to sell them as cheap as can be sold anywhere in town or country. Any person wishing to have their cut out, can have it done free of charge. Those desiring Goods made up, can also be accommodated. We warrant the best workand the best fits to be had anywhere. No humbug in what we say.

We have on hand the very best most durable SEWING MACHINES, and are always ready to wait on purchasers. Full satisfaction given as to operating machine. Call and examine. We warrant them to be the best in use.

May 29, 1867 JACOBS & BRO.

MERCHANT TAILORING.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS,

and other materials for Men's Wear, furnished and made up, to order, on short notice.

SATISFACTION WARRANTED.

Work also repaired from Customers, or provided for Goods elsewhere.

W. T. KING,

York street, opposite the Bank

June 12, 1867.–1y

Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

COBEAN & SCHRIVER

HAVE just received a new supply of Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes, of latest styles, for Winter use, which they are selling at reduced prices. They also manufacture and repair

HARNESS, of all kinds, promptly and on reasonable terms. Bridles, Halters, Whips, Trunks, Valises, Tobacco, Cigars, and a great variety of Notions always on hand. Call at the old stand on Chambersburg street, two doors west of Buehler's Drug Store.

[Dec. 25, 1867.–tf

FALL STYLE OF HATS FOR 1867.

S. S. M'CREARY

HAS just received a fresh and general assortment of HATS, including the very latest style of fine Silk, Cassimere and Soft Fur Hats, and also a large supply of fine and low priced Wool HATS and CAPS for Men and BOYS. He invites his friends and the public to give him a call. [Sept. 1, 1867.–3

Lines of Travel.

GETTYSBURG RAIL ROAD.

CHANGE OF CONNECTIONS.

On and after Wednesday, November 6th, 1867, Passenger Trains will leave and arrive at Gettysburg, and make connections as follows:

FIRST PASSENGER TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 8 15, A. M., with passengers for York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore and the North and West, arriving at Hanover Junction with connecting cars at 10 15, A. M., connecting with the East Line South, on the Northern Central Railway, and arriving at Baltimore at 12.35 noon. Also, connecting with Mail train from Baltimore north, arriving in Harrisburg at 1 00, P. M. Arrive at Gettysburg 12 40, P. M., with passengers from Harrisburg, York, Baltimore, and Washington.

SECOND PASSENGER TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 1 30, P. M., arriving at Hanover Junction at 3 30, and connecting with Mail train South. Arrive in Baltimore at 6 40, P. M. Arrive at Gettysburg at 6 30, P. M., with passengers from Philadelphia, Harrisburg, and the North and West and also with passengers from Baltimore and Washington by the Fast Line North, which leaves Baltimore at 12 10, noon.

Passengers can leave Baltimore in the Mail train, at 8 20 A. M., and arrive in Gettysburg at 12 40, P. M. Or leave Baltimore in the Fast Line at 12 10, noon, and arrive in Gettysburg at 5 40, P. M. But one change of cars either way, viz: at Hanover Junction.

R. McCURDY, Supt.

Dec. 4, 1867.

HANOVER BRANCH RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE.

On and after MONDAY, May 6th, 1867, passenger trains on the Hanover Branch Railroad will leave as follows:

FIRST TRAIN

(which makes connection with the trains on the North ern Central railway at the Junction,) will leave Hanover at 9:00 A. M., for York, Baltimore, Harrisburg, and Intermediate stations. This train connects at Junction at 9.55 A. M., connecting with the East Line South, on the Northern Central Railway, which arrives at Baltimore at 12.30 P. M., and also with the Mail Train North, which arrives at Harrisburg at 12.55 P. M

☞ This train returns to Hanover at 12 M. and arrives at Gettysburg at 1 P. M.

SECOND TRAIN

Leaves Hanover at 2.20 P. M. and arrives at the Junction at 3.10 P. M., connecting with the Mail Train South, which arrives at Baltimore at 6 P. M. Passengers by this Train for York Haven will take the connection at 5.25 P. M.

☞ This Train returns to Hanover at 4 P. M., with passengers for Hanover, Gettysburg and Littlestown.

Passengers leaving Baltimore for Hanover, Gettysburg and Littlestown, will take either the Mail Train at 8.50 A. M., or the Fast Line at 12.10 P. M.

May. 29, 1867. JOSEPH LEIB, Agent.

READING RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

November 25, 1867.

Great trunk line from the North and Northwest for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Pottsville, Harrisburg, Ashland, Lebanon, Allentown, Easton, Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c., &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3.00, 5.25 and 8.10 A. M., and 2.05 and 9.35 P. M., connecting with similar Trains on the Pennsylvania Rail Road, and arriving at New York at 5.10 and 10.45 A. M., and 3.40 and 9.30 P. M. Sleeping Cars accompanying the 3.00 A. M. and 9.35 P. M. Trains without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Lebanon, Allentown, Minersville, Ashland, Pine Grove, Allentown and Philadelphia, at 8.10 A. M. and 2.05 and 4.10 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal way stations; the 4.10 P. M. making connections for Philadelphia and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Rail Road, leave Harrisburg at 8.35 P. M.

Returning: Leave New York at 9.00 A. M., 12.00 Noon and 5.30 and 8.00 P. M.; Philadelphia at 8.15 A. M. and 3.30 P. M. Way Passenger Train leaves Philadelphia at 7.30 A. M., returning from Reading at 6.30 P. M., stopping at all Stations; Pottsville at 7.45 A. M. and 2.45 P. M.; Ashland 8.00 A. M. and 12.10 noon, and 2.00 P. M.; Tamaqua at 8.30 A. M. and 12.00 and 6.45 P. M.

Leave Pottsville for Harrisburg, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Rail Road at 7.10 A. M and 12.00 noon.

Reading Accommodation Train: Leaves Reading at 7.30 A. M. returning from Philadelphia at 4.00 P. M.

Pottstown Accommodation Train: Leaves Pottstown at 6.45 A. M., returning leaves Philadelphia at 5.00 P. M.

Columbia Rail Road Trains leave Reading at 7.00 A. M. and 6.15 P. M. for Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

On Sundays: Leave New York at 8.00 P. M., Philadelphia 8.00 A. M. and 3.15 P. M., the 8.00 A. M. Train running only to Reading; Potts ille 8.00 A. M.; Harrisburg 8.25 A. M. and 4.10 and 9.35 P. M., and Reading at 1.10 and 7.15 A. M. for Harrisburg, and 7.00 A. M. 11.40 P. M. for New York and 4.25 P. M. for Philadelphia.

Commutation, Mileage, Season, School and Excursion Tickets, to and from all points, at reduced Rates.

Baggage checked through; 100 pounds allowed each Passenger.

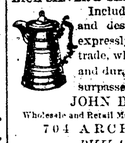
G. A. NICOLLS,
General Superintendent.

Reading, Pa., Dec. 4, 1867.

Washing Machines.

THE BEST

WASHING MACHINE



THE undersigned offers for sale, the TOWNSHIP RIGHTS of Adams county, for DELONG'S PATENT, which is the CHEAPEST, SIMPLEST and BEST WASHER that has yet been offered to the public. The Rights will be sold on reasonable terms. This is a fine opportunity for energetic men to make GOOD WAGES manufacturing or selling these machines. A sample machine will be furnished any person who purchases a Right, if desired, at cost. Call at the store of Duphorn & Hoffman, N. W. cor Square, where the machines may be seen and tried.

FRANK D. DUPHORN.

Gettysburg, June 26, 1867.—tf

Foundry.

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY.

THE subscriber would inform his customers and others that he is still manufacturing various kinds of Castings and Machines, made to order, on short notice, such as

Threshers and Powers,

(five different sizes of Powers), Grain and Grass Seed Sowers and Cleaners, Corn Shellers and Separators, Corn Feeder and Cutters, Straw and Hay Cutters, Ploughs, such as Cast Ploughs, Barshear Ploughs, Side-hill and Corn Ploughs, the

Wire-spring Horse Rake,

the latest improvement; also Metal Screws for Cider Presses, Iron Railing for Grave-lots or Porches, with everything else in his line, all at low prices.

FOR SALE—A light Two-horse Wagon, a One-horse Wagon, all new. DAVID STERNER.

May 29.—tf

Millinery.

Millinery & Mantua Making.

BARBARA E. FINK AND HANNAH J. FINK

HAVE started the Millinery and Mantua making business in Chambersburg street, three doors west of Buehler's Store, and invite the ladies of town and country to give them a call. No effort will be spared to render satisfaction in every case. Plain Sewing and Stamping also done.

Gettysburg, Nov. 15, 1867.–3m

Mantua Making & Stamping

Mary M. Van Gradal & Miss Wilson

HAVING commenced the Mantua making business in Gettysburg, respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they are prepared to do all work in their line in the latest and most approved styles. Also, Stamping done on short notice, and in the most reasonable manner. Shop on Chambersburg street, one door west of Mrs. Arnold's Millinery Store.

Dec. 18, 1867.–3m

Furniture and Jewelry.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.

CALL AT

SOPER & McCARTNEY'S,

NEW JEWELRY STORE,

On Yorkstreet, opposite the Bank, Gettysburg, Penna.

A new and full assortment just received from the City.

SILVER AND PLATED WARE,

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS!

such as Violins, Guitars, Accordeons, Flutes, Fifes, &c., also the Kissinger Wire Strings, Bows, Bridges and everything appertaining to the Instruments.

Repairing and all kinds of work in our line done promptly and on reasonable terms.

☞ All work warranted to give satisfaction—and all goods sold warranted to be what they are represented.

Nov. 27, 1867.–tf

ISAAC K. STAUFFER,

Watchmaker and Jeweler,

No. 148 North 2d st., corner of Quarry,

PHILADELPHIA

An assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware constantly on hand.

SUITABLE FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

☞ Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to. [Nov 27, 1867–ly

GIFTS FOR CHRISTMAS & NEW YEARS!

SUPERB STOCK OF FINE GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, ALL WARRANTED TO RUN, AND THOROUGHLY REGULATED, AT THE LOW PRICE OF $10 EACH, AND SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

100 Solid Gold Hunting Watches,	$250 to $1,000
100 Magic Gold Gold Watches,	250 to 500
100 Ladies' Gold Watches, enamelled,	100 to 300
200 Gold Hunting Chronometer Watches,	250 to 300
200 Gold Hunting English Levers,	200 to 250
200 Gold Hunting Lepine Watches,	150 to 200
500 Gold Hunting American Watches,	100 to 250
500 Silver Hunting Levers,	50 to 150
500 Silver Hunting Watches,	75 to 200
500 Gold Ladies' Watches,	50 to 250
1,000 Gold Hunting Lepines,	50 to 75
1,000 Magnetic Silver Watches,	40 to 100
2,000 Hunting Silver Watches,	25 to 50
5,000 Assorted Watches, all kinds,	10 to 75

The stock of Watches is being disposed of on the POPULAR ONE PRICE PLAN, giving every patron a fine Gold or Solid Silver Watch for $10, without regard to value.

Watches No. 2, 704 Broadway, New York, wish to immediately dispose of the above magnificent stock. Certificates, naming the articles, are placed in sealed envelopes, and well mixed. Holders are entitled to the articles named in their certificate, upon payment of Ten Dollars, whether it be a watch worth $1,000 or one worth less. The certificate of any certificates entitles you to the articles named thereon, upon payment, irrespective of its worth, and as no article valued less than $10 is named on any certificate, it will at once be seen that this is no lottery, but a straightforward legitimate transaction, which may be participated in even by the most fastidious.

A single certificate will be sent by mail, post paid, upon receipt of 25 cents, five for $1, eleven for $2, thirty-three and one-third premium for $5, sixty-six and more valuable premium for $10, one hundred and one valuable Superb Watch for $15. To agents or those wishing employment, this is a rare opportunity. A few Watches will be disposed of in this manner, only authorized by the Government, and open to the most careful scrutiny. Watches sent by Express, with the privilege of examining before delivery, so that no dissatisfaction can possibly occur. Try us. Address

WRIGHT, BROTHER & CO., Importers,
161 Broadway, New York.

Watches for the Million!

ARRANDALE & CO'S GREAT WATCH CLUB.

EVERYBODY needs a good watch, and wishes to get it at the lowest possible price: a horde of swindlers knowing this have contrived various ingenious devices to get people's money, and then either fail to send a watch, or send one that is worthless as a time-keeper. ARRANDALE & CO. have now perfected arrangements by which, for the small sum of $10, a good and reliable watch may be certainly obtained. They have formed a GREAT WATCH CLUB on the following plan. Certificates containing the numbers of all the watches named in our extensive list (which is sent to all applicants) are stitched up, enclosed in envelopes, and sold for 25 cents each.—Every certificate is warranted to be for a watch, and as will be seen on reference to the list, none are of less value than Ten Dollars, whilst some are worth $300.—We undertake to send out watch drawn, whatever may be its value for $10, and in order that every one may absolutely depend upon getting a first class time-keeper, we guarantee that any purchaser of One Dollar's worth of certificates shall receive at least one for watch No. 633 on our wholesale list, sent post free, which is a first-class Lever watch, a good reliable watch in sterling silver hunting case, and usually sold for $40. You will certainly get such a watch; and, besides, you may get a Gold Chronometer worth $500. We sell the certificates as follows: One for 25 cents; Three for 50 cents; Six for $1; and Twenty for $3. To those sending $1, we will send a handsome pocket-book, and to those sending $3, we will send a gold chain warranted not to tarnish in 20 years.—Parties getting up larger clubs will receive liberal premiums, particulars of which may be learned on application. As it is our intension to do a strictly honorable business, and to insure our customers from liability to fraud, we will send our names, if desired, without money, instructing the Expressagent to collect only on delivery. If we are desired to forward without any mail, the money must be sent or by Bank draft or Post Office Order, and it will then be at our risk. We will then register the package at our post office, and if lost will replace it free of charge. If any watch sent is not approved, it may be returned and the money will be refunded. The reputation of our firm, which has been established for five years, and is well known in every part of the country, we trust will be deemed a sufficient guarantee that we will faithfully perform all we contract to do. Address

ARRANDALE & CO.,
162 Broadway, New York,
Post Office Box, 6,283.

Dec. 25, 1867 –3m

SEEING IS BELIEVING

AT 704 ARCH STREET.

NEW PRICES! NEW GOODS!

RICH SILVER & SILVER PLATED WARES,

Including every style and description, made expressly for the Winter trade, which for neatness and durability cannot be surpassed at

JOHN BOWMAN'S

Wholesale and Retail Manufacturing Establishment,

704 ARCH STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

☞ Re-plating at short notice.

Dec. 18, 1867. [Aug. 21–1y

JAMES E. CALDWELL & CO.,

ARE NOW READY

WITH THEIR

Entire Importation

OF

CHRISTMAS GOODS

FOR THE PRESENT SEASON, to which they most respectfully invite the attention of those visiting Philadelphia, suggesting an early call, before the choicest articles are selected, and the hurry of Holiday business prevents that careful attention they desire extended to all their visitors. The stock of

WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, SILVER-WARE, PLATED GOODS, CLOCKS, BRONZES, AND EUROPEAN NOVELTIES,

of every description, offered this season by this House exceeds in richness, variety and beauty, the efforts of any previous year. An examination of our goods cannot but prove interesting to parties from the country, who are most cordially invited to visit our establishment. All orders by letter, or inquiries respecting goods and prices, will receive careful and prompt attention. Goods carefully packed and forwarded. PRICES GREATLY REDUCED TO SUIT THE TIMES.

JAMES E. CALDWELL & CO.,
Jewelers and Silversmiths,
Nos. 902 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

Dec. 18, 1867. [Oct. 23.–3m

JOHN BOWMAN,

No. 704 Arch Street,

PHILADELPHIA,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

SILVER AND PLATED WARE.

Our Goods are decidedly the cheapest in the City

TRIPLE PLATE, A No. 1.

Mar. 14, 1867–1y

Cabinet Making.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE undersigned take this method of informing the public that they still carry on the

Cabinet-making Business,

in all its varied branches, and that they now have on hands a large assortment of

BUREAUS, BEDSTEADS,

Tables, Corner Cupboards, Safes, Sinks, Stands, Dressing Bureaus, Chairs, Rocking Chairs, &c., &c., in short everything else in the Cabinet-making line.

ALSO, READY-MADE COFFINS, AND COFFINS MADE TO ORDER.

All of which will be furnished promptly, on the most reasonable terms. Having a first-class Hearse, we are prepared to attend funerals in town or country, and will make it to the interest of those in want of anything in our line to call and see us before purchasing elsewhere. We feel confident that we can make as good a bargain as any other establishment in the county. Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to us, we hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the same. Shop on Baltimore street, a few doors north of R. Wilson Fahnestock's store.

BROOM HANDLES FOR SALE,

Wholesale or Retail, at the Lumber Yard.

Dec. 18, 1867.–4m GARLACH & TRIMMER.

The Star and Sentinel.

THE CARRIER'S ADDRESS

TO THE PATRONS OF

"THE STAR AND SENTINEL."

January 1, 1868.

STILL another year to the grave hath flown,
With its blendings of gladness and sorrow,
With its shouts of mirth, the sufferer's groan,
Both forgot at the dawn of the morrow:
Lo, another year has passed forever—
Has sped on its way to eternity's shore—
Has returned to our God, the bountiful Giver,
To be used or misused no more.

A New-year has come, and with it we greet you—
A happy New-year to each and to all;
A smile on our face, we cheerily meet you
To give you, dear patrons, our annual call;
May joy and prosperity ever be with you,
All sorrow dispelled by the beamings of love—
Life's angel through many a New-year attend you,
And all be prepared for the NEW-YEAR above.

But, alas! we are missing some faces familiar,
That gladly we met, but one short year ago;
With the passage of time, death, busy as ever,
Has marked out the best for his terrible blow.
The pale king of terrors has entered our sanctum,
Has cut down our chief in his vigor and bloom,
Rudely sundering the ties of friendship around him,
Consigning his form to the stern, silent tomb.

But his name will live on in memory's chambers—
In the tear of affection, the sigh of regret,
The fond recollection, that ever remembers
The friend of the past, when the world is forgot.
O! green be the turf that presses upon thee,
And sweet be thy dreams till eternity's morn—
Thy epitaph this, "None knew, but to love thee,"
And sadly to weep o'er thy death-stricken form.

All others around us, the honored, the true,
Have crossed o'er that mystical river;
We've bade them our long, heart-throbbing adieu,
As they passed from earth's turmoils forever.
Thus death, time and change are ever around us
To sunder the love-links of life,
To call away friendships, that fondly had bound us,
From earth with its conflicts and strife.

May each moment then bear its solemn monition,
Midst the joys that are ushering the happy new-year,
That earth brings to none a final fruition—
That only the land of the *dying* is here:
The land of the *living* is over the river,
Where the brave, true and good have passed on before,
Where death can life's love-ties never more sever,
Who once have crossed o'er to the glorified shore.

But, what are the lessons, that mortals may glean
From the swift fleeting years, which are passing along
Instruction is given to souls, that can learn
The sadly-sweet numbers of that mystical song,
Which is echoing ever from air, earth and ocean,
From the churches, that harp so wondrously strong,
That he sees to note, 'midst earth's babel commotion,
Whilst the chorus of nature is chanting the song:

Time is passing, worlds are shattering
On their forward march, ages;
Some receding, some advancing,
Men are filling History's pages.

Now the good and great in story
Neath Right's beauteous banner,
Battling well for Truth and Glory,
Win the world's humanna.

An Lapsein on field's infernal,
Dark with every passion,
Love and truth and right eternal
Fall in their glorious mission.

Sometimes good and sometimes evil
Rule the orb ascendant;
Vainly croakers carp and cavil
At fill with good attendant.

God is sifting out each nation
By his grand ordeal;
Low and lofty, every station
Has his part of trial.

Some, with brave hearts slowly breaking,
Do their duty everywhere;
Some, of every good pe taking,
Breathe but poison on the air.

Light and darkness strangely blending,
Each have votaries side by side:
When the mighty contests ending,
Right the conflict shall decide.

Let no mortal longer murmur—
There's a work for all to do—
This, thy mission, dull complainer,
Use the talents given you!

You may raise yourself immortal,
Though not gracing history's pages:
Courage never takes denial—
Hopes and works for future ages.

So friends, let us enter with courage and hope,
With hearts, light as love, on the happy new-year,
Prepared with the fortitude of the brave,
With cordial thanksgiving for its joys and its cheer.

* * * * * * *

We greet you, friends, with a handsome dress,
A union of two in one;
And we know, that all are well

The Star & Sentinel.

Wednesday, January 8, 1868.

Advertisers and others interested will bear in mind that the regular circulation of the "STAR AND SENTINEL" is much larger than that of any other paper published in the County, being read weekly by not less than 10,000 persons.

☞Advertisements, to secure immediate attention, must be handed in or before Tuesday morning.

NORTHERN AND SOUTHERN SLAVES!

We have lately read much about the horrid consequences which Copperheads see flowing from Universal Suffrage in the South; and are daily entertained with disquisitions about the extreme ignorance of the blacks, their brutality, their unfitness for the elective franchise, &c., &c. When the Reconstruction measures first passed, many of the most conspicuous Rebel leaders expressed a willingness to re-organize under them, *being confident of their ability to control the votes of the Blacks;* and they put themselves on record in favor of admitting them to Suffrage in the South, where their numbers, their labor, and their interests constitute a large element in the State, and require representation for their own protection. It was only *after* the Rebel leaders, North and South, found that the Negroes would not vote *in their interest*, that they started the "hue and cry" with which their papers are now teeming. So, with them, it was all a matter of calculation; and their course has revealed and proved their utter and shameful hypocrisy.

But we took up our pen to call attention to the fact that the *principle* underlying these attacks is the *principle* of Slavery; and, if logically applied, WOULD DEPRIVE ALL OF THE LABORING CLASSES OF THE RIGHT TO VOTE. Such was the old view of the Slaveholders, a very plain expression of which is found in a speech of U. S. Senator HAMMOND of South Carolina, on the 4th of March, 1858, which we subjoin:

"In all social systems there must be a class to do the mean duties, to perform the drudgery of life. That is a class requiring but a low order of intellect, and but little skill.—Its requisites are vigor, docility, and fidelity. Such a class you must have, or you would not have any other class which leads progress, refinement, and civilization. *It constitutes the very mudsills of society and of political government; and you might as well attempt to build a house in the air, as to build either the one or the other, except on the mudsills. Fortunately for the South, she found a race adapted to the purpose to her hand.* A race inferior to herself, but eminently qualified in temper, in vigor, in docility, in capacity to stand the climate, to answer all her purposes. We use them for the purpose and call them slaves. We are old-fashioned at the South yet; it is a word discarded now by the cars of the polite; *but I will not characterize that class at the North with that term;* BUT YOU HAVE IT; IT IS THERE; IT IS EVERYWHERE; IT IS ETERNAL.

* * * * * * *

"*Your slaves are white—of your own race; you are brothers of one blood.*—They are your equals in natural endowment of intellect, and they feel galled by their degradation. OUR SLAVES DO NOT VOTE. *We give them no political power.* YOURS *do vote, and being in the majority, they are the depositories of all your political power. If they knew the tremendous secret that the ballot-box is stronger than any army with bayonets, and could combine,* WHERE WOULD YOU BE? *Your society would be reconstructed, your government reconstructed, your property divided—not as they have mistakingly attempted to initiate such proceedings by meetings in parks, with arms in their hands—but by the quiet process of the ballot-box.* You have been making war up on us to our very hearthstones. How would you like for us to send lecturers or agitators North, to teach these people this, to aid and assist in combining, and to lead them?"

Times change, but the Southern Rebels have not changed with them. They are to-day, THE ENEMIES OF OUR LABORING CLASSES, and are ARISTOCRATS in principle, as well as Copperheads in politics. Shun them, as you would lepers.

THE Copperheads of Ohio and Maryland are in a keen controversy over the U. S. Senatorship to be filled for each of those States for the term to commence March 4, 1869. In Ohio, VALLANDIGHAM and THURMAN are the leading candidates. The former is the choice of the masses of the party, who assert that it is due to him as one of the ablest and most consistent of their leaders. But the politicians fear the effect upon next year's elections of the promotion of so odious a representative of their principles, and are chiefly for THURMAN, who was recently beaten for Governor. In Maryland, the fight is mainly between REVERDY JOHNSON, THOMAS SWANN, THOS. G. PRATT, and WILLIAM T. HAMILTON. JOHNSON is much the ablest man, and his re-election is urged by the N. Y. *World* upon the ground that the Democracy have so few members of the Senate, that it cannot afford to supplant JOHNSON with one of ordinary ability. But the Maryland Copperheads don't trust Mr. JOHNSON, who has always been an unstable politician, and there is little probability of his success. SWANN is an ass, and doesn't know it; but the party do, and he has substantially disappeared. PRATT has considerable support in the more ultra wing of the party, and was farther committed to the Rebellion than any one named except B. G. HARRIS, who, in Congress, publicly declared his hope that we could not conquer the South. HAMILTON was within one vote of being nominated for Governor last fall, and is vigorously pressed. The Western part of the State has thus far secured nothing at Annapolis—Mr. SYESTER having been beaten for Speaker—and we would not be surprised to hear of his election. He was two terms in the lower House prior to 1854, when he was beaten by HENRY W. HOFEMAN.

CONGRESS re-assembled on Monday last. In the House, resolutions were adopted instructing the Reconstruction Committee to inquire into the expediency of authorizing General GRANT to detail officers for service in the late rebellious States; also, to inquire into the expediency of constituting said States each a separate military district, under the command of General GRANT; and also, as to the expediency of providing additional legislation to secure the elective franchise to all; and also, to declare by act of Congress that the provisional governments set up in said States by order of the President are not republican forms of Government. A resolution censuring the President for removing STANTON and SHERIDAN, and thanking General GRANT and General SHERIDAN for their course, was adopted by a strict party vote. A resolution offered by Mr. ELDRIDGE, (Copperhead,) endorsing the policy of Gen. HANCOCK in Louisiana, was laid on the table by a strict party vote.

In the Senate the case of Mr. THOMAS, Senator elect from Maryland, was up, and the tone of the discussion makes it doubtful whether he will be admitted to a seat. The objection is disloyalty during the war.

BUTLER ON SUFFRAGE.

BEN. BUTLER, the other day in the House, met the Copperhead threat that they would overturn, forcibly if they must, the Congressional Reconstruction of the Southern States, in this vigorous language, which is worth reading and pondering.

Besides, he showed how expenses had been incurred in the South which the United States must pay:

Mr. BUTLER. One of the expenses in reconstruction from which we propose to relieve the people of the South is shown by the bill I hold in my hand. It is an official copy of a bill rendered by the chief of police of New Orleans to the city treasurer for services after the murder of the members of the convention, which was paid.

COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, CITY HALL,
NEW ORLEANS, November 18, 1867.
[Copy.]

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF POLICE,
NEW ORLEANS, August 10, 1867.

"City of New Orleans to Thomas E. Adams, Dr.

"For cash paid for hauling forty-six loads of dead and wounded from around Mechanics' Institute to station-houses at three dollars, $138."

That is the way the unreconstructed rebels talk about the dead and dying murdered Union men. "Forty-six *loads* of dead and wounded!" A general upon the battle-field counts his dead as so many human beings.—This chief of police charges over his own signature as would a scavenger for a load of filth, for—

"Forty-six loads of dead and wounded from Mechanics' Institute to station houses, at three dollars, $ 38.

"Paid for carrying dead from station-houses to work-house yard, eight loads, three dollars, twenty four dollars.

"Paid for fifteen loads wounded from station to Freedmen's hospital, four dollars, sixty dollars."

It would seem that it was cheaper for the city of New Orleans to transport loads of dead than wounded—a dollar a load! That was the reason, perhaps, they murdered and crushed the life out of so many. There is economy for you!

"Paid carriage and cab hire for myself and aids during the week of the riot, seventy-five dollars."

Thus, while the dead and dying Union citizens—the lamented Dostie, for example—were sent by loads in a cart to the station-houses and to the work-house yard, this chief of police and his aids, their murderers, were riding in "carriage and cab" at the expense of the city of seventy-five dollars.

Now, sir, we want to relieve the people of the South from such tax bills as the one I have read. We propose it as a measure of justice, to give to those who have fought for us and with us, whatever may be their color, the right and power of self-protection, so that we may no longer be called upon to protect them by our soldiers. We propose it, sir, as the great finishing up of the rebellion, which during all these years of war and unquiet peace has received the sympathy of those who are acting with the member from New York, because we believe that when we have given the ballot to these loyal men of the South they will protect themselves, and that the ballot will be around them, doing more duty than an armed policeman in keeping them from all wrong and outrage.

Sir, I listen to all these attacks upon the negro and this talk that the Democracy are going to take away the ballot from him, with the utmost contempt. What, sir! take away the ballot from nearly six millions of people who have tasted its sweets, felt its power, and were shielded by its protection! take away that great franchise from almost a nation! take away this safeguard of freedom which no people who ever enjoyed ever yet surrendered save with their lives!—You may talk about it, you may threaten, you may try for it, you may scheme for it, and with all the aid of all the powers of death and hell, but let me say that the ballot, once in the hands of millions of freemen, never was and never can be taken away. That is a fixed fact, fixed beyond all peradventure, and whoever arrays himself against it simply hurls his head against a wall. I have heard enough of this talk about taking away the ballot from the negro. Whenever it is attempted I hope my friends on the other side of the House will go South and head the army of subjugation, and when they do they will be welcomed in a way by which, in my judgment, they will learn that the negro has some of the highest attributes of manhood, to wit, courage to maintain his rights, knowledge to appreciate them, and steadfastness never to yield them up.

Mr. GETZ. May I ask the gentleman whether he means that the army he speaks of will be "welcomed with bloody hands to hospitable graves" or not?

Mr. BUTLER. No, sir, no; the negro is of a kind, amiable, forgiving disposition, whatever ethnologists may say of his blood, and when the gentlemen fall in such an unhallowed contest they will be taken kindly in the best way they can and cared for with tenderness and mercy; not thrown into carts and carried to workhouses, not given over to the tender mercies of the station-house, but brought perhaps to the lowly cabin where nursing and kindness will take the place of true valor, firmly-determined, battling for rights.

Let me say to gentlemen, too, that the negro has fought for us, and he will fight for himself whenever he is attacked, and not till then; and when gentlemen tell us there will be a war of races I say that it is like every other of these predictions about the negr.—false. You said he would not fight, but he did fight. You said he would not vote, but he does work. You said if we gave him a vote he would vote just as his master wanted him to. That is exactly the way he did not vote. [Laughter.] You said he did not know how to vote. Well, the negroes vote just as I would have done if I had been in their places, and that is as good voting as I desire. [Laughter.] It is said they are going to rise and that we are to have a war of races. Why should they rise, and upon whom will they rise? They have the power now because they are the laboring bone and sinew of that country, because they are the loyal men of that country. Rise? Why, they are at the top now, gentlemen on the other side say. What should they rise for? How are they to get up any higher than to the top, as they are, if we are to believe gentlemen opposite?

Oh, no; I have listened to these croaking predictions of evil; the country has listened to them. They are the false prophecies of false prophets.

Let me say to you, Mr. Chairman, and to the committee, that we of the party of progress, of equality, of right, and of freedom, shall take no step backward. The ballot put in the hands of a man created in the image of his God will remain in his hands, as his greatest boon and blessing, until he chooses to relinquish it; and no power can take it from his hands. Whoever tries to take it from him will try an experiment that in the history of the world never yet has succeeded; and I, without claiming the gift of prophecy, will say, an experiment which never will succeed.

How Copperheads howl over the disfranchisement of the Rebel leaders!—Yet the public will be surprised to learn that the whole number disfranchised does not exceed 70,000 voters, out of the 1,400,000 voters in the ten Rebel States; or, an average of only *one in twenty of the whole voting population!*

One would suppose, from what the Copperhead press say, that the laws were working the most enormous and sweeping injustice. The truth is, the disfranchisements are an insignificant proportion of the whole.

EX-U. S. Senator FITZPATRICK of Alabama is against the new Constitution of that State, on the ground that it "will produce disorder and conflict of races."—We don't see how, unless he and his fellow Rebels propose to try to overturn it. That Constitution merely ensures equality of rights. Is FITZPATRICK still for the old *unequality*, which enabled one class to degrade, oppress, and bestialize others? They fought the war for the permanence of that system—they were whipped. Why can't they yield with decency, and accept the results of their crime?

IN Alaska, our new Russian purchase, Slavery is so much of a domestic institution among the Indians of that delightful country that the wealth of families is estimated by the number of their slaves, and the portion of a bride is fixed by the head; just as in Kentucky the simile for the portion of a rich heiress used to be "as many niggers as you can tie up in a bed cord."

THE WHISKEY TAX—NEARLY FIVE HUNDRED MILLIONS STOLEN!

THE Copperhead cry that all the suffering in the Rebel States is the fault of the Republicans, the N. Y. *Tribune* happily and conclusively replies:

"The failure of crops in the South is, of course, the work of these hardened rogues. The decline of the price of cotton in the markets of the world is charged upon these 'guilty authors.' The overflowing from the levees, cut by the Rebels, must be 'the fiendish act' of 'black Radicals.' The appropriation, last winter, of half a million of dollars, raised by taxes in the North, to feed the destitute whites of the South, is one of the 'vindictive' acts of 'rotten Radicals.' The Freedmen's Bureau, which has, by indisputable statistics, relieved as many whites as blacks in a majority of the Southern States, is another of the 'persecuting' measures of this 'corrupt and profligate party.' The overwhelming majority in the House for the repeal of the cotton tax is still another of these 'bitter' and 'cruel measures of legislation.'—And the absence of all confiscation and punishment for treason is, of course, 'another atrocity.'"

THE State Legislature met yesterday. The Republican Senators met in caucus on Monday evening and made the following nominations:

Speaker—James L. Graham, of Allegheny.
Chief Clerk—Geo. W. Hammerly, of Philadelphia.
Assistants—Lucius Rogers, of McKean, and F. H. Broggins, of Mercer.
Transcribing Clerks—Michael Reily, Adams; Ebenezer Williams, Allegheny; Peter Conyne, Luzerne.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Wm. A. Rupert, Crawford.
Doorkeeper—Ethel Fuller, Bradford.
Assistant—John L. Burns, Adams.
Librarian—John Styer.

The Republicans of the House met in caucus on the same evening and made the following nominations:

Speaker—Elisha W. Davis, of Philadelphia.
Chief Clerk—General James L. Selfridge, of Northampton.
Assistant—Edward G. Lee, of Philadelphia.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Casper Zung.
Postmaster—A. G. Henry.
Doorkeeper—J. H. Hall.

Some difficulty was anticipated in the organization of the House. Nine Republicans declined to go into caucus. As the Republicans have but eight majority in the House, these nine can, if they persist, defeat the caucus nominees. If the organization was effected yesterday, the Governor's message would be sent in today.

GENERAL NEWS.

ODEN Bowie, Governor-elect of Maryland, is to be inaugurated to day.

"SUNSET" COX, of New York, formerly of Ohio, is to be nominated as Minister to Austria.

GENERAL Gordon Granger, a thorough Johnsonite, is to be General Swayne's successor in Alabama.

THE National Convention of the Grand Army of the Republic, which assembles in Philadelphia next Wednesday, will be largely attended by soldiers from all parts of the country.

A MEETING of the leading Democratic politicians of New York was held at Albany last week. The object, in which it is said they were successful, was to induce ex-Governor Seymour to permit his name to go before the Convention as a candidate for the Presidency.

GOV. Flanders, of Louisiana, appointed by Sheridan to succeed Wells, has resigned, being unable to get along comfortably with Gen. Hancock. The latter had appointed Gen. Buchanan (brother of the Rebel Commander of same name) to command the department of Louisiana.

THE REPUBLICAN POLICY.—The platform so ingeniously erected for a Republican Congress by President Johnson and his advisers is already demolished. Congress, with a propmtitude and decision that deserve credit, is proceeding to build a platform of its own. So far as we can see at present the planks in this platform are these:

1. The reconstruction question will not be reopened. The legislation already enacted on this subject will be adhered to and carried into effect. The reconstructed States will be restored to their ancient places, and if the Democratic party wishes to keep up the agitation it will be left without an opportunity of doing so. 2. The industry of the country will be relieved of most of the severe burdens of taxation. 3. The ruinous contraction policy will be arrested. 4. The extravagant cost of government will be cut down to a strictly economical scale. 5. The army will be reduced to a suitable peace standard. 6. The increase of the navy by building new vessels will be stopped.

CHARLES H. Parker, conductor on the Johnstown accommodation train, Pennsylvania railroad, met his death on the ev ening of the 31st ult. at the hands of a drunken desperado named Samuel Hull, who was a passenger in his charge. Conductor Parker called upon Hull for his ticket or his fare. The latter refused to hand over either, and acted in a very disorderly manner. Finding Hull was determined to be unreasonable, Mr. Parker had recourse to the last resort of a coductor with a refractory passenger, and rung the bell to stop the train, in order that Hull might be put off. The train was stopped about one mile west of Nineveh Station, Westmoreland county, and just as it stpped, Hull drew a knife and plunged it into the body of Mr. Parker who expired almost immediately, without uttering a word. The murderer coolly walked out of the car, pulling the bell rope as he did so, and before the horror-stricken passengers could realize their duty to seize him, the train was in motion, and the murderer had escaped. The train proceeded to Johnstown, with the body of Mr. Parker, whose residence was at Conemaugh, three miles beyond Johnstown, where he leaves a young wife, to whom he was wedded some six months ago. Mr. Parker was about twenty-eight years of age, a courteous and obliging conductor, and a faithful officer of the Company. Hull the murderer has since been arrested.

NEWS OF NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

CUMBERLAND.—On New Year's day a daughter of J. C. Halbert, of Carlisle, while sitting in her father's door, was hit in the left arm by a pistol ball, which passing through the arm penetrated her side, breaking several ribs. It turned out that the ball came from a pistol which some boys were using on a neighboring corner to "fire away the old year."—The soldiers of Cumberland county met in Carlisle last week to appoint delegates to the Philadelphia Convention, and declared for General Grant for President, and Ex-Gov. Curtin for Vice President.—A. K. Rheem has associated with him James A. Dunbar in the publication of the Carlisle *Herald*.

FRANKLIN.—The wife of Col. A. K. McClure and son have returned from their visit to Montana. The Col. himself will return during the spring.

LANCASTER.—The debt of Lancaster county has been reduced $50,000 during the year, on a basis of 5 mills tax, leaving a debt of $155,000 to be paid in future. The Commissioners have reduced the tax to 2½ mills.

YORK.—On Christmas day, Rev. Mr. Zieber, of the German Reformed Church, in Hanover, received a purse containing $130; and Rev. Mr. Alleman of St. Mark's Lutheran Church, a purse of $100, and set of China ware, flour, &c.,—from their respective congregations. On New Year's day, Rev. Mr. Yingling, of St. Matthew's Lutheran Church, received from his members a purse of $133.

FOREIGN.—The Fenian agitation in England and Ireland continues, the latest demonstration being an attack on the house of Charles Mathew, (brother of the late Father Mathew.) The assailants were met by a galling fire from parties concealed on the premises and retired. New Year's Day the Embassadors of all the foreign Powers were received by Louis Napoleon, who, in reply to their congratulations, said that he was happy to commence again the new year as heretofore, surrounded by the representatives of all the great Powers, and to re-affirm, by this interchange of civilities, assurances of the friendly relations which now existed between France and their respective Governments.—Gen. Menabrea has succeeded in re-organizing the Italian ministry. Ratazzi has gone over to the Garibaldians. In a public speech King Victor Emmanuel declared it was the unanimous desire of Italy that Rome should be the capital of the nation, but the treatment of the question demanded patience on the part of the people.

It is rumored at Washington that Mr. Thornton, the new British Minister, will be empowered to reopen negotiation for the settlement of the Alabama claims, and he will assure our Government of the willingness of the Government of England to renounce its claims of allegiance from citizens who may have given formal notification of their intention to become naturalized in the United States or elsewhere.

GENERAL Canby has called the State constitutional convention to meet in Raleigh on the 14th of January.

Special Notices.

SONG OF IRON.

I am mighty in the sabre,
Fiercely wielded by the brave,
Glorious in the stalwart steamer,
Laughing at the storm and wave.

Beauteous in the palace pillars,
Sparkling in the pointed rod,
As it brings the deadly lightning
Quelled and harmless to the sod.

But there is a glorious essence,
Where I take my grandest power,
Giving to the RACE my surest,
Sweetest aid, in danger's hour.

See! before me fly diseases!
See the darkest hydras bow!
See the rose of health and beauty
Take the palest cheek and brow!

Fly, dyspepsia! fly, consumption!
Yes, all ills are crushed at length,
For I give what human nature
Only ever needed—STRENGTH!

Shall I tell in what great essence
I can thus your spirits cheer up:
Pallid, trembling, dying sufferer,
'Tis the famed "PERUVIAN SYRUP."

The PERUVIAN SYRUP is a protected solution of the Protoxide of Iron, a new discovery, in medicine that strikes at the root of disease by supplying the blood with its *vital principle or life element—iron!*
The genuine has "Peruvian Syrup" blown in the glass.

CHRONIC DISEASES, SCROFULA, ULCERS, &c.

It is well known that the benefit derived from drinking of the Congress, Saratoga and other celebrated springs, is principally owing to the *Iodine* they contain.

DR. H. ANDERS' IODINE WATER

Contains Iodine in the same pure state that it is found in these spring waters, but over 500 *per cent. more in quantity*, containing as it does 1¼ grains to each fluid ounce, dissolved in pure water; *without a rival*, a discovery long sought for, in this country and Europe, and is the best remedy in the world for Scrofula, Cancers, Salt Rheum, Ulcers, and all Chronic Diseases. Circulars free.
J. P. DIMMORE, Proprietor.
Jan. 1.-1m 36 Bay street, New York.

ADDRESS TO THE NERVOUS and debilitated whose sufferings have been protracted from hidden causes, and whose cases require prompt treatment to render existence desirable. If you are suffering or have suffered from involuntary discharges, what effect does it produce upon your general health? Are you weak, debilitated, easily tired? Does a little extra exertion produce palpitation of the heart? Does your liver, or urinary organs, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order? Is your urine sometimes thick, milky, or ropy, or is it ropy on standing?—Or does a thick scum rise to the top? Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile? Have you spells of short breathing or dyspepsia? Are your bowels constipated? Do you have spells of fainting or rushes of blood to the head? Is your memory impaired? Is your mind constantly dwelling upon this subject? Do you feel dull, listless, or spiritless, tired of company, of life? Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody?—Does any little thing make you start or jump? Is your sleep broken or restless? Is the lustre of your eye as brilliant? The bloom on your cheek as bright? Do you enjoy yourself in society as well? Do you pursue your business with the same energy? Do you feel as much confidence in yourself? Are your spirits good? If not disregarding, given to fits of melancholy? If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia. Have you restless nights?—Your back weak, your knees weak, and have but little appetite, and you attribute this to dyspepsia or liver-complaint?

Now, reader, self-abuse, venereal diseases badly cured, and sexual excesses, are all capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs. The organs of generation, when in perfect health, make the man. Did you ever think that those bold, defiant, energetic, persevering, successful business-men are always those whose generative organs are in perfect health? You never hear such men complain of being melancholy, of nervousness, of palpitation of the heart. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business; they don't become sad and discouraged; they are always polite and pleasant in the company of ladies, and look you and them right in the face—none of your downcast looks or any other meanness about them. I do not mean those who keep the organs inflamed by running to excess. Those will not only ruin their constitutions, but also those who do business with or for.

How many men from badly-cured diseases, from the effects of self-abuse and excesses, have brought about that state of weakness in those organs that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other disease—idiocy, lunacy, paralysis, spinal affections, suicide, and almost every other form of disease which humanity is heir to, and the real cause of the trouble scarcely ever suspected, and have doctored for all but the right one.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic.—HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic, and is a certain cure for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Organic Weakness, Female Complaints, General Debility, and all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating and no matter of how long standing.

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness, and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu, established upward of 18 years, prepared by H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,
594 Broadway, New York, and
104 South 10th street, Philadelphia, Pa.
PRICE—$1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6.50, delivered to any address. Sold by all Druggists every where.
April 30, 1867.-ly

CLIMAX! CLIMAX!!

PAGE'S CLIMAX SALVE.

A FAMILY BLESSING FOR 25 CENTS

It heals without a scar. No family should be without it.

We warrant it to cure Scrofula, Sores, Salt Rheum, Chilblains, Tetter, Pimples, and all Eruptions of the Skin. For Sore Breast or Nipples, Cuts, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Chapped Hands, &c., it makes a perfect cure.

It has been used over fifteen years, without one failure.

It has no parallel—having perfectly eradicated disease and healed after all other remedies had failed. It is a compound of Arnica with many other Extracts and Balsams, and put up in larger boxes than any other Ointment.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. White & Howland Proprietors, 121 Liberty Street, New York.
March 28, 1867.—1y eow

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The REV. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.—Please address
REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No 165 South Second st., Williamsburg, New York.
June 5, 1867.—1y

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU and IMPROVED ROSE WASH cures secret and delicate disorders mall their stages at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties. [Feb. 26, 1867.1y

SPEER'S WINES are pure juice Grape Wines and excel in purity and richness most of our native vintages. They are used in Churches for communion purposes and in hospitals for invalids and convalescents on account of their purity and reliability. [Sept. 18.-1y

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS AND CATARRH, treated with the utmost success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland.) No. 906 Arch st., Philadelphia, Pa. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the City and Country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain. No charge made for examination. [Nov. 20, 1867.-1y

TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT AND UNHEALTHY REMEDIES for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash.
Feb. 26, 1867.-1y

COLGATE & CO'S GERMAN
COLGATE & CO'S ERASIVE SOAP.
ERASIVE SOAP. Is manufactured from PURE MATERIALS, and may be considered the STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Grocers.
[May 15, 1867.—1y

DEPILATION.

Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Freckles, Sunburns, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing
THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
June 5, 1867.—1y 823 Broadway, New York.

Legal Notices.

TAX APPEALS.

THE Commissioners of Adams county hereby give notice that they have fixed upon the following times and places for holding the TAX APPEALS for 1868, in the Boroughs and Townships of Adams county, when and where they will attend, to hear appeals, between the hours of 9 o'clock, A. M., and 3 o'clock, P. M., of each day, as follows:

For Mountjoy township, on Monday, the 27th of January next, at the house of Jesse D. Newman, in said township.

For the township of Germany and the borough of Littlestown, on Tuesday, the 28th of January next, at the house of Philip Hemler, in Littlestown.

For the township of Union, on Wednesday, the 29th of January next, at the house of Philip Hemler, in Littlestown.

For the township of Conowago, on Thursday, the 30th of January next, at the House of Emanuel Diller, in Mechanicstown.

For the township of Mountpleasant, on Friday, the 31st of January next, at the house of J. K. Smith, in said township.

For the township of Straban, on Saturday, the 1st of February next, at the house of Jacob L. Gross, in Hunterstown.

For the township of Oxford, on Monday, the 3d of February next, at the house of I. B. Houser, in New Oxford.

For the township and borough of Berwick, on Tuesday, the 4th of February next, at the house of F. J. Wilson, in Abbottstown.

For the township of Hamilton, on Wednesday, the 5th of February next, at the house of Abner S. Hildebrand, in Mont Berlin.

For the township of Reading, on Thursday, the 6th of February next, at the house of E. M. Dicks, in Hampton.

For the township of Huntington, on Friday, the 7th of February next, at the house of Mrs. Jane Keed, in Petersburg.

For the township of Latimore, on Saturday, the 8th of February next, at the house of Mrs. Jane Reed, in Petersburg.

For the township of Tyrone, on Monday, the 10th of February next, at the house of Mrs. Cook, in Heidlersburg.

For the township of Menallen, on Tuesday, the 11th of February next, at the house of Charles Myers, in Bendersville.

For the township of Butler, on Wednesday, the 12th of February next, at the house of G. W. Rex, in Middletown.

For the township of Franklin, on Thursday, the 13th of February next, at the house of Samuel Eicholtz, in New Salem.

For the township of Hamiltonban, on Monday, the 17th of February next, at the house of Alex. Senchoff in Fairfield.

For the township of Liberty, on Tuesday, the 18th of February next, at the house of John Nunnemaker, in said township.

For the township of Freedom, on Wednesday, the 19th of February next, at the house of Samuel Horits, in said township.

For the township of Cumberland and Highland, on Thursday, the 20th of February next, at the house of Francis Bream in Cumberland township.

For the township of Gettysburg, on Friday, the 21st of February next, at the Commissioners' Office, in Gettysburg.

SAMUEL WOLF,
NICHOLAS WIKEMAN,
JACOB LUTT,
Commissioners of Adams county.
Attest—J. M. WALTER, Clerk.
Dec. 25, 1867.—4t

Valuation and Assessment FOR 1868.

IN pursuance of an Act of Assembly passed the 17th day of July, 1842, the following Statement is hereby published by the Commissioners of Adams county, which exhibits the amount, description and value of the Real and Personal Property, Trades, Occupations and Professions, made taxable by the several Acts of Assembly of this Commonwealth:

BOROUGHS AND TOWNSHIPS.	Value of Real Estate, assessed by Commissioners.	Number of Taxables.	Number of Single Freemen taxable.	Number of Taxables between 21 and 22 years of age.	Number of Taxables over 50 years of age.	Number of Taxables between 6 and 21 years of age.
Gettysburg	26,690	1060	193	57	80	180
Cumberland	249,07	417	80	14	66	79
Germany	121,72	223	63	8	41	60
Oxford	192,34	319	84	23	53	130
Huntington	214,21	335	80	27	48	92
Latimore	148,84	303	15	19	87	71
Hamiltonban	214,21	322	65	15	63	74
Straban	282,44	468	10	37	102	89
Franklin	269,08	419	40	36	120	85
Reading	222,19	356	50	21	84	51
Heading	205,82	344	20	34	96	54
Hamilton	194,43	306	24	30	60	49
Mountpleasant	268,63	426	46	19	91	65
Union	249,01	357	73	42	97	43
Tyrone	155,29	292	75	25	65	39
Conowago	183,48	291	57	23	71	58
Butler	148,75	282	28	15	75	75
Mountjoy	192,42	338	27	19	93	46
Freedom	241,61	351	16	16	105	65
Liberty	140,97	235	23	11	84	49
Berwick	177,26	241	48	14	45	32
Berwick bor	94,96	156	60	12	50	24
Littlestown bor	84,39	139	29	16	46	7
Highland	98,84	159	36	13	49	22
	4429,67	6576	1363	566	2343	1746

BOROUGHS AND TOWNSHIPS.	Value of Personal Estate, assessed by Commissioners.	Number of Horses and Mules over 3 years old.	Number of Horses and Mules between 2 and 3 years old.	Number of Horses and Mules between 1 and 2 years old.	Number of Cattle over 3 years old.	Number of Cattle between 2 and 3 years old.	Number of Cattle between 1 and 2 years old.
Gettysburg	10400	1500	510	555	570	3796	
Cumberland				1000	1	2475	
Germany				1000	9	3745	
Huntington				1000	3	1295	
Latimore				1000	3	1140	
Hamiltonban				1000	5	2545	
Straban				1000	8	3730	
Franklin				1000	5	3380	
Mountpleasant				1000	5	2190	
Reading				1000	4	3525	
Hamilton				1000	4	4417	
Mountpleasant				1000	4	3482	
Union				1000	5	3646	8
Tyrone				1000	4	2785	4
Conowago				1000	3	3030	
Butler				1000	4	3645	8
Mountjoy				1000	4	2985	4
Freedom				1000	4	2810	
Liberty				1000	4	1345	
Berwick				1000	4	3070	4
Berwick bor				1000	4	1040	
Littlestown bor				1000	4	1700	
Highland				1000	4	2630	
	10400	1500	510	1000	117	965	
				92166	117	76,000	

S. WOLF,
N. WIKEMAN,
J. LUTT,
Commissioners.
Attest—J. M. WALTER, Clerk [Dec. 18, 1867.-4t

JURY LIST—JANUARY TERM.

GRAND JURY.

Gettysburg. Robert McCurdy, (Foreman,) Henry Culp, Wm. Bover.
Highland. George W. Scott.
Cumberland. Wm. Rose, Henry L. Bream.
Hamilton. Jacob Rosser.
Tyrone. John Conrad, Ezra M. Myers.
Menallen. Samuel Meals.
Mountpleasant. John E Tawney.
Straban. Jeremiah Shriver, Philip Donohne, John N. Boyer.
Latimore. John Martin.
Mountjoy. Silas M. Horner.
Oxford. Henry Wiest.
Huntington. George A. Peters, Joseph A. Wierman.
Butler. George B. Hewitt.
Franklin. Daniel K. Snyder, John Cole.
Union. Edward Robert.
Conowago. Samuel Schwartz.

GENERAL JURY.

Gettysburg. Jacob Riley, Jacob Brickerhoff.
Straban. Henry A. Picking, John F. Felty.
Franklin. Albert Vandyke, Daniel Miller, Daniel Kuhn.
Moses Rafensperger, Jacob P. Lower, Jeremiah Biesecker.
Berwick bor. Joseph Wolf, George Davis.
Tyrone. Henry Spangler.
Berwick tp. Elijah Kapner, Levi Kepner.
Reading. Jacob S Taughinbaugh, Abraham Bushey.
Cumberland. James Thompson, Wm. Currens P. D. Hankey, Charles B. Polley.
Oxford. Henry L. Gitt, John Busbey.
Liberty. John Eisenman.
Freedom. David Rhodes, Sr.
Mountjoy. James Spalding, Isaac N. Durborow.
Littlestown. Philip Hollinger, Ephraim Myers, John F. McSherry.
Butler. John G. Minter, Henry Hartzel.
Mountpleasant. Samuel Shorb, John Reed, Francis M. Buddy, J. A. C. Rinaudo, Joseph Kuhn.
Union. Enoch Lefever.
Hamilton. Henry Lawrence, Henry Wolf.
Menallen. Henry Eppelman, John Burkholder.
Latimore. Isaac D. Worley.
Huntington. Thomas G. Neely, Jacob Zug.
Highland. David Stewart.
Conowago. Peter Reidener, Henry Gutelius.
Dec. 18, 1867.—to

LICENSES.

THE following applications to keep public houses of Entertainment, have been filed in my office, with the requisite number of Signers, and will be presented at the Court of Quarter Sessions, on *Monday, the 20th day of January next:*

WILLIAM R. MYERS, Borough of Gettysburg.
ABNER S. HILDEBRAND, East Berlin.
A. K. ZINNER, "

RESTAURANT.

FREDERICK SMITH, Mummasburg, Franklin tp.
GEORGE A. CORWIN, "

LIQUOR STORE.

JOHN MILLER, Liberty township.
A. W. MINTER, Clerk.

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of DAVID CLAPSADDLE, late of Mountjoy township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been

The Star and Sentinel.

Gettysburg, Wednesday, Jan. 8, 1868.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

THANKS.—Our Carriers request us to return their thanks to the patrons of the "*Star and Sentinel*" for the generous reception given to them on New Year's day.

PREACHING.—Rev. JOHN JAMESON, of Kittanning, Pa., will preach in the United Presbyterian Church, in this place, next Sunday morning, at 10½ o'clock.

RESIGNED.—Rev. J. A. EARNEST has resigned the pastorship of the English Lutheran Church at Kittanning, Pa. Mr. EARNEST is the son-in-law of Col. S. S. MCCREARY, of this place.

☞ We notice by the Philadelphia papers that the firm of HALDEMAN, GARDNER & Co., was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st inst., JACOB A. GARDNER Esq., and WM. WALTON retiring.

ZOUAVE BALL.—We are requested to state that a Grand Ball will come off at RETHER'S Hotel, in Middletown, to-morrow evening, (Jan. 9,) under the auspices of and for the benefit of the "Franklin Zouave Company."

CORRECTION.—The announcement that the barn of Mr. MARSHALL, in Franklin township, recently destroyed by fire, was insured in the Mummasburg Company, is incorrect. There was no insurance in any company, and the entire loss falls on the owner.

LARGE PORKERS.—Ex-Sheriff WOLF, of this place, last week, slaughtered a hog which weighed 570 pounds.

Mr. PETER STONER, of Highland township, last week, slaughtered two hogs, sixteen months old, which weighed 467 and 484½ pounds.

☞ We notice by the Lancaster papers that Rev. W. V. GOTTWALD, Pastor of the 2d Lutheran Church, (formerly of Emmittsburg) was recently made the recipient of a handsome testimonial of regard by some of his members, including a costly gold watch and other articles, amounting to $250.

DEER SHOT.—On the morning of the 28th ult., three deer were shot in Buchanan Valley, within a quarter of a mile of each other, (between LEVI IRVIN's residence and saw mill.) SAMUEL J. MCKENRICK, of CHAS., shot the first, a three-pronged buck; his brother, JOSEPH, the next, a fawn buck; and ANDREW NOEL the next, the old doe

CHANGE.—Messrs. WILLIAM M. BIGHAM, ALEXANDER COBEAN, and JAMES BIGHAM have purchased the Ware-house and Lot of CULP and EARNSHAW, on corner Railroad and Washington streets, with cars, &c., for $7,500, and will carry on the produce and forwarding business under the name of BIGHAM & Co.

TOWN CLOCK.—The new Town Clock has been put up and is now in running order. The builder was Mr. J. D. CUSTER, of Norristown. The cupola of the Court-house and clock faces have been re-painted and re-fitted. The new Clock is furnished by Mr. H. D. WATTLES, in fulfilment of the pledge made by him in advance of his nomination and election as County Treasurer.

PROPERTY SALES.—Mr. JOHN LAUVER has sold his property, in "Texas," Butler township, to Mrs. HARTZELL—about 11 acres of land, with improvements, at $1,650. Mr. LAUVER has purchased a farm from Samuel HUMMER, in the same township northwest of Middletown.

Capt. MCCURDY has sold 200 acres of his farm, in Cumberland township, to John HARTMAN, at $50 per acre.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—The following gentlemen were elected officers of the Adams County Agricultural Society on Monday last, viz:

President—Samuel Herbst.
Vice Presidents—J. S. Witherow, Wm. McSherry.
Recording Secretary—E. G. Fahnestock.
Corresponding Secretary—H. J. Stahle.
Treasurer—D. Wills.
Managers—Wm. B. Wilson, Wm. Wible, Jonas Routzahn, J. H. McClellan, E. Penrose.

THE LITHIA SPRINGS.—The "Gettysburg Springs Company," represented by a party of capitalists in New York city, have purchased from Mr. IRELAND the "Herr property," on the Chambersburg pike for $55 per acre. The same parties some months ago purchased the MCPHERSON property, and also part of the Woodland adjoining from Messrs. FAHNESTOCK and EICHELBERGER. We understand that the company making these purchases have abundant capital, which will be made available in developing the Springs and bringing the water into market for medicinal purposes. The water is rapidly acquiring a reputation for curative properties, and already there is a large demand for it. The Company have leased the Springs from Mr. HARMAN, and by the above purchases control the grounds around them.

BOLD THIEVES.—On Saturday night week, a gang of thieves visited the barn of Mr. JACOB MUSSELMAN, near Fairfield, and took therefrom a string of sleighbells; then went to Mrs. T. A. MARSHALL's, from which they stole two strings of bells and a set of harness. As indicated by tracks in the snow, they traveled in a wagon. A few days after, a search warrant was procured, and the house occupied by three brothers, named MYERS, at "Hardscrabble," in Franklin county, searched, when the missing goods were found, with some others stolen from Mr. JOHN OGDEN, a week or two before. The thieves made their escape into the mountain.—*Compiler.*

INJURED.—On the night of the 28th ult., as Mr. JACOB HOOPTER, residing near New Oxford, was returning to his home from the residence of Mr. ISAAC MILLER, near Hanover, along the Gettysburg railroad, he met with a painful accident. The night being very dark, while crossing a bridge over the railroad, he missed the bridge and fell to the railroad, the distance of about eighteen feet, bruising himself very severely. He was conveyed to his home by Mr. MILLER, who was attracted to the bridge by the groans of the wounded man, and medical aid procured.

BURNED TO DEATH.—On the 31st ult. ANN MARIA STRASBAUGH, aged 24 years, daughter of CHARLES STRASBAUGH, of Hamiltonban township, was burned to death. The deceased was of weak mind, and had been temporarily left by herself in the kitchen, while Mrs. STRASBAUGH went to the barn to milch some cows, Mr. S. being absent from home. It is supposed that by some means her clothing took fire from the kitchen stove. Upon the return of the family she was found lying on her face on the floor, dead, the clothing entirely burnt off her back.

DONATION VISITS.—Rev. Prof. FERRIER, who is temporarily supplying the Presbyterian pulpit in this place, was complimented on Christmas eve by a visit from a number of members of the Congregation, who carried with them tokens of personal regard—the whole aggregating a handsome and desirable "Christmas gift."

Rev. Mr. BRENDENBAUGH, the esteemed Pastor of St. James' (Lutheran) Church, was honored with a similar visit from members of his congregation on New Years' eve, who manifested their appreciation of his personal worth and efficient pastoral services by handsome donations.

In both cases the donation visits were made without ostentation or previous notice—the recipients being taken by surprise.

NEW YEARS' DAY.—The opening of the New Year was duly honored on Wednesday last in Gettysburg although a fall of snow the preceding evening, followed by soft weather, made the streets anything but desirable for pedestrians. The News Boys were out at an early hour and could be seen wending their way through high-ways and by-ways, to deliver their New Years' carols and receive in turn the "quarters" and "halves" over which they had been dreaming for long weeks. In the afternoon most of the stores and places of business were closed, while the Brass Band serenaded different parts of the town, and the Zouaves, unmindful of slush and snow, went through their accustomed drill and evolutions. At night Agricultural Hall was brilliantly lighted up for the Ball given by the Band, and music and dancing continued far into the "wee hours of the morning."

A special dinner (provided by the citizens of the town,) was served up during the day for the children of the "National Homestead," in their buildings on Cemetery Hill, which was duly appreciated by these representatives of the nation's heroes. The following card from the officers of the Institution has been handed to us for publication:

Will the kind citizens of Gettysburg accept, through the public press, the warm thanks of the children, and those entrusted with their care, for their very acceptable offering on New Year's day. The generous entertainment, thus provided, was partaken with rare enjoyment. The tables were both abundantly and tastefully laid. Happiness beamed from every smiling, healthy face, gathering around.—Lieut. NORTON presided, with the usual assistants, to which was added, on this occasion, Mrs. Dr. HORNER, of the Household Committee for the Homestead. The day passed with great pleasure, closing with the distribution of presents to the children from "The Lodge of Good Templars," No. 164, Williamsport, Pa. To repeated thanks from those presiding, for all contributing to so much enjoyment, is added the orphans' express *wish* and *prayer* that equal happiness may attend their many friends, both near and distant, as was conferred on them by the presents and kind remembrances offered for the "merry Christmas" and "happy New Year."

TEMPERANCE LECTURES.—Dr. CHARLES JEWETT will deliver Lectures on Temperance in this county as follows, viz:—In Gettysburg, on Friday and Monday evenings, Jan. 10 and 13; Bendersville, Tuesday evening, the 14th; Petersburg (Y. S.), Wednesday evening, the 15th; and Littlestown, Thursday evening, the 16th. Dr. JEWETT is in the employ of the State Executive Committee—has large experience, and is represented to be one of the most effective lecturers of the day. He has been canvassing Iowa and we give an extract or two from papers in that State in reference to them:

"Of the many treats that our people have had in the way of lectures, that given by Dr. JEWETT was among the richest. For the Doctor's lectures were certainly rich—rich in illustration, in logic, in argument, in information calculated to make men better acquainted with themselves, to teach them the laws of their own health, to point out to them how great a curse to their moral and physical well-being is the use of alcholoic stimulants. *Independent Guardian.*

"He is a genuine *lecturer*—a man of science, wit, *bonhommie*, earnestness, and inexhaustible good humor. Many an old friend of total abstinence is compelled to say, after hearing him, that he has known comparatively nothing of the subject; a hundred lectures of the declamatory sort fall far below one of his in value."—*Davenport Gazette.*

NEW RAILROAD.—The Legislature of Maryland last year passed an Act incorporating the "Frederick and Pennsylvania Line Railroad." The preliminary surveys made looked to a line entering Pennsylvania in the neighborhood of Littlestown. The Frederick *Examiner* says that memorials, numerously signed, are in circulation asking the Legislature to authorize the corporate authorities of Frederick to subscribe a sum not exceeding $250,000 to the building of the road, and further remarks:

"The first step to be taken, however, to secure the success of the proposed enterprise, is to apply to the Legislature to have the charter of the Frederick and Pennsylvania Line Railroad changed, so as to run it through Emmittsburg, and thence in direction of Gettysburg. This should be attended to right away, and we trust our representative will take the matter in hand and have the necessary change made. It is needless for us to speak of the immense advantage the building of this road will be to the county. A new impetus will be given to Frederick. All kinds of business interests will be advanced. The din of the work-shop will grow louder; improvements will spring up in every direction, and in a few years Frederick will rank among the most important inland cities in the country."

The aim of the parties pressing this new enterprise is to secure a direct communication with New-York. The Pennsylvania line once reached, the franchises possessed by the Gettysburg Railroad Company, which authorize the building of a road from the Pa., line to York or Columbia, would secure a direct route through Pennsylvania, via Columbia, Reading, Easton, &c., to New York, without the necessity of additional legislation.

SHREWD.—Commissioner ROLLINS, in reply to the resolution of the House making inquiry as to why the project known as the "Gettysburg Asylum for Invalid Soldiers" had been exempted from special tax duty as a Lottery, says that the invariable rule of his Department, in the absence of special information, has been to remit the tax in favor of charitable enterprises on the endorsement of a District Collector. In this case, Collector JOHN H. DIEHL, of Philadelphia, had endorsed the application for a remission of the tax, and the Commissioner, presuming it was all right, gave the certificate which is now published by the managers are an official accrediting of their enterprise. We guess it was this letter of credit the shrewd managers were after rather than the tax exemption.

ACCIDENT.—On the evening of the 24 inst., WM. TAYLOR, employed at HENRY MILTENBERGER's steam saw mill, in Franklin township, had his clothing caught by a shaft, which was making about 180 revolutions per minute, and was carried around by it, for about a minute before the mill could be stopped. His feet and legs struck the joist above and were severely injured, the bones of his left leg being broken in several places, and the flesh much lacerated. The velocity with which Mr. T. was whirled around by the shaft was such as to cause his boots to be thrown violently from his feet, one of them being thrown some distance out of the mill. It is a marvel that he was not instantly killed. Dr. HUBER, of this place, assisted Dr. STEM amputated the leg. Mr TAYLOR, we understand, is in a critical condition.

DEATH OF KENTON HARPER.—The Virginia papers announce the death of Gen. KENTON HARPER on Christmas night, aged 66 years. He was a son of GEORGE KENTON HARPER of Chambersburg, one of the early proprietors of the "*Franklin Repository*," and a cousin of the Senior editor of this paper. He acquired considerable prominence in Virginia, to which State he went in early life and for thirteen years conducted the "*Stanton Spectator*." He held, from time to time, numerous offices of profit and honor in Virginia and under the Federal Government, and became a leading man in the State. He served gallantly in the Mexican war, and on the secession of Virginia he espoused the Southern side, commanding the Virginia militia at the taking of Harper's Ferry.

By the way, we notice that in an editorial in the last "*Repository*," referring to its deceased editors, the reader is left to infer that its first editor was GEORGE KENTON HARPER, whereas, in fact, it was established in 1793 by ROBERT HARPER, father of the Senior editor of the "*Star and Sentinel*," and conducted by him until 1800, when he came to Gettysburg to establish the "*Sentinel*," leaving the "*Repository*" in charge of his brother, GEO. KENTON HARPER, whose son recently died in Virginia.

TO BE READ AND REMEMBERED.—Since the consolidation of the "STAR AND SENTINEL," we have as much as possible refrained from annoying our friends with "duns," and regret that our straitened finances require us to do so now. The truth is, that with the increased expenses incident to the enlargement of the paper, furnishing our new office—the cost of paper, type, ink—the employment of hands, &c.—all of which require cash payments, we are out of pocket at this date, with sundry heavy bills for paper requiring immediate payment. We are, therefore, compelled to call on our friends to help us out, and THAT AT ONCE. As all kinds of business are rapidly passing under the *cash system*, newspaper men, if they wish to live, will have to follow suit. Notwithstanding the enhanced price of paper and printing materials, which have compelled many of our editorial brethren to run up their subscription to $2.50 and $3, we continue to furnish the "STAR AND SENTINEL" at the old price—$2 per annum, cash in advance.—With our enlarged circulation we can afford to do so, if our subscribers will but promptly toe the mark.

While $2 may seem but a trifle to each subscriber, when multiplied by 2,000, it becomes a considerable figure. Creeks and Rivers are made up of tiny rain-drops, insignificant in themselves. If each rain-drop were to withhold its contribution, and refuse to leave its home in the rain cloud by reason of its insignificance, ere long the streams would cease to flow, and the mills to grind. Just so with subscriptions to newspapers—each in itself a trifle, but in the aggregate making a sum total that would make glad the Printer's heart—take away his troubled dreams—and diffuse bright and cheering sunshine all through the office. Many of our friends have been thoughtful enough to send in their $2, and they have our thanks. There are, however, a still larger number who have neglected to do so, doubtless because each thought his $2, like the rain-drop but a trifle. Now, friends, suppose you signalize the New Year by starting in the right direction. Before you lay aside this number of the paper, take out $2—put it in a letter, directed to the "STAR AND SENTINEL," and our word for it you will feel all the better for "remembering the Printer." Try it, friends—and DON'T DELAY A SINGLE DAY. The truth is, WE WANT MONEY, and MUST HAVE IT!

By the printed labels on the paper, each subscriber will at once see the date to which his subscription has been paid. Distant subscribers can remit by mail at our risk, procuring Post Office Money Orders when practicable.

PREMIUMS FOR NEW SUBSCRIBERS.—Our friends will bear in mind that any one of our *present* subscribers sending in the names of *four* new subscribers, with the cash in advance ($2 per annum), will receive a credit of one year's subscription on their own account—in other words, for each new subscriber sent in, accompanied by the cash, a PREMIUM OF FIFTY CENTS is allowed as a credit on *present* subscriptions. Some of our subscribers have thus paid their own paper for two and three years in advance. The same opportunity is offered to *all*. Who will signalize the new year by doing likewise?

A FINE PICTURE.—It may be known to some of our readers that Count L. F. SCHWABE, a patriotic, liberal German, of ample means, now a naturalized citizen of the United States, some time since conceived the idea of getting up a gallery of portraits of the fallen Heroes of the Republic, in the late War for the Union, with the purpose of presenting it, when completed, to Congress or some public Institution. Employing first-rate artists he has already expended over $100,000 of his private funds. Some time ago he addressed Dr. BAUGHER President of Pennsylvania College, for a photograph and special information in regard to his son NESBITT, who, as Lieutenant of Company B 45th Illinois Regiment, had distinguished himself at the taking of Fort DONELSON and in the subsequent terrible battles of Pittsburg Landing, and whose portrait it was desired to have in the collection of "Fallen Heroes." It will be recollected that Lieut. BAUGHER behaved with signal gallantry in the latter battle, being wounded six times in the course of the day, yet bravely standing to his post. At each successive wound he was urged to retire from the field. Five times his reply was, "My place is here, and here I shall remain." On the sixth shot, he laid down his sword in weakness of body but still strong in spirit, and suffered himself to be conducted to the rear. The wounds, however proved fatal, notwithstanding a vigorous constitution, careful nursing, and the best medical skill, Lieutenant B. dying a few weeks after the battle at Quincy, Illinois, to which place he had been removed.

Last week the Portrait—a large oil painting, nearly life size—was sent to his parents for inspection and criticism, before being placed in the Gallery, and we had the pleasure of examining it. It is evidently the work of a superior artist—life-like, and in every respect a fine picture. If all the Portraits are executed with equal skill and fidelity, the Gallery will be an invaluable one.

AN INFIDEL SILENCED.—Last week a respected Minister of the Gospel, of this place, on his return from a Christmas celebration, was importuned in the cars by a questioner, with sundry religious problems, which were duly and patiently solved. At last this Infidel said, that he would cheerfully believe in Christ the Redeemer if he could be convinced that in each of the myriads of worlds surrounding us Christ was also there crucified for the redemption of souls. "I am ready to answer that question," said the minister, "if beforehand informed by you that in those myriads of worlds there be sinners needful of redemption." "Suppose, there are; what then?" said the questioner. "Then, assuredly, they would not be such blind and obdurate Infidels, as not to see, that being indebted and unable to pay, they had either to go into prison or accept the proffered bill; nor so silly as to refuse a merciful assistance, when stuck in the mire above their ears." The questioner became silent, and changed his seat.

Some years ago the same divine took occasions to silence a profane swearer, who repeatedly in his presence uttered the oath, "God d—n my soul," by the simple remark, "My friend, you need not to remind Him so often; He will not forget it."

OUTSIDE.—On our first page will be found the Carrier's Address, an interesting European letter from H. L. B., and an article on Pedestrianism by J. S. G., designed more particularly for the ladies; while on the fourth page will be found another communication from the pen of D. S. F., containing valuable suggestions in regard to the selection and purchase of "Dairy Stock,"—all of which will prove interesting and profitable reading. Next week we expect to furnish another European letter from H. L. B., who is now on his way home.

[Communicated.

IMPROVED STOCK.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—In conversations with some of my neighbors, it occurred to us that it would be a good idea if the Directors of the Poor of this county were to purchase and put on the farm belonging to the Poor House some of the improved stocks for Beef and Dairy purposes now attracted so much attention. Improved stock is badly needed in this county, but most of farmers are prevented from purchasing by reason of the high prices at which they are held. Now it would not cost the county more to feed the best of stock than to feed inferior stock. The increased outlay in their first purchase would be but a trifle to the tax-payers, while a great benefit would be conferred on the public by introducing in this way improved stock. At the last County Fair I noticed some fine stock an exhibition from the College at Emmittsburg, and understood that the College had realized about $1000 in sale of calves the last year, to say nothing of the good done to the neighborhood. Now, if a private Institution can do that much, why not the Directors of the Poor, acting as public officers? I leave this suggestion to those interested. A FARMER.

RE-UNION.—The Members of "Union Encampment No. 126 I. O. O. F.," had a pleasant re-union in their Hall, on Monday evening last, a large number of members sitting down to a handsome entertainment prepared by Mr. J. E. ILGENFRITZ, followed by interesting and pleasant talks by some of the members.

"Canst thou not minister to a mind diseased,
And, with some sweet, oblivious antidote,
Cleanse the foul bosom of the perilous stuff
That weighs upon the heart?"

Certainly; Plantation Bitters will do it when nothing else will. Melancholy, Depression, Hypochondria, Insanity, all spring, more or less, from a diseased stomach, and this, Plantation Bitters is a sure cure for.—There is no mistake about it; Dyspepsia, Headache, Dullness, Ague, and Low Spirits must yield to the health-giving and genial influence of the Plantation Bitters. If you are in doubt, make one trial and be convinced. Thus say those who know.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—A delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne and at half the price. Jan. 1-2t

A SPLENDID GIFT TO A FRIEND—Four Certificates of the Washington Library Company of Philadelphia, in aid of the Riverside Institute for educating orphans, costing four dollars, with the fine engraving, "The Perils of our Forefathers." Each Certificate secures also one present at the Great Distribution by the Company, making four presents, one or more of which may be worth thousands of dollars. It always pays to be kind to a true friend. Read advertisement.

"FIVE MINUTES FOR REFRESHMENT."—Everybody who has travelled by railroad has heard of the above announcement, and has probably suffered from eating too hastily, thereby sowing the seeds of Dyspepsia. It is a comfort to know that the Peruvian Syrup will cure the worst cases of Dyspepsia, as thousands are ready to testify. It

MORE FIRST PREMIUMS have been awarded to FAIRBANKS STANDARD SCALES, than to all others combined. The opinion of the world in their favor was confirmed by their receiving the highest premiums at the Paris Exposition. It

☞ The sweetest singer and the sweetest perfume of the day are Adelina Patti and Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus." Both are American! The fair singer enraptures every body—the perfume is in demand everywhere.—*Georgetown Union.* 1-3

DON'T BE PUT OFF With any other when you call for "Barrett's Hair Restorative," in eight oz. bottles. It

MARRIED.

BRANDON—GREASON.—On the 17th ult., by Rev. C. P. Wing, D. D., Isaac M. Brandon, formerly of Adams county, to Jennie A. Greason, all of Cumberland county, Pa.

COBEAN—HORNER.—On the 19th ult., at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. Isaac M. Patterson, J. Harvey Cobean, of Cumberland township, to Miss Annie E. daughter of Capt. John Horner, of Mount Joy township.

COOK—COOK.—On the 21st of Nov, 1867, at the Rectory of Emory Chapel, Carlisle, Pa., by the Rev. Wm. H. Kerin, Charles D. Cook, of Bendersville to Miss Elmira J. Cook, to the same place.

FISHER—RIDDLEMOSER.—On the 31st ult., by Rev. J. A. Boll, Mr. Samuel Fisher to this place, to Miss Frances Riddlemoser, of Cumberland township.

HIMES—MURRAY.—On the 2d inst., at the residence of the bride's parents, Carlisle, Pa., by the Rev. J. A. Murray, Charles F. Himes, Ph. D., Professor of Natural Science, Dickinson College, to Miss Mary E. Murray, only daughter of the officiating clergyman.

JOHNSTON—BROWN.—On the 1st inst., by Rev. E. Breidenbaugh, Washington Johnston to Phebe A. Brown, both of Waynesboro'.

JONES—GETTIER.—On the 19th ult., by Rev. J. W. Hoffmeier, Mr. James L. Jones, of Littlestown, to Miss Mary M. A., eldest daughter of Peter Gettier, Esq., near Manchester Md.

KINZER—ECKENRODE.—On Christmas morning, at St. Joseph's Church, Bonaughtown, by Rev. B. A. Shorb, Dr. T. O. Kinzer to Miss Flora A. Eckenrode, both of Mountpleasant township.

LINN—WOLFORD.—On the 31st ult., by Rev. E. Breidenbaugh, George W. Linn to Harriet E. Wolford, both of Freedom township.

MARCH—NEISENSALE.—On the 22d ult., by Rev. W. C. P. ——, Mr. Daniel March of East Berlin, to Miss Louisa Neisensale, near Hanover.

PARR—KOHLER.—On the 31st ult., by Rev John M. Clemens, Mr. Albert H. Parr to Miss Sarah Kohler, both of Mountpleasant township.

SHARP—MUSSE.—On the 26th ult., by Rev. W. F. P. Davis, Mr. Charles Sharp to Miss Amelia Musse, both of Hanover.

STAYER—JACOBS.—On the 10th ult., by Rev. W. F. P. Davis, Mr Jacob Strayer to Miss Leah Jacobs, both residing near East Berlin.

WYSLOW—MIDDLETON.—On the 31st ult., in Washington, D. C., by Rev. J. C. Smith, D. D., assisted by Rev. P. D. Gurley, D. D., Benjamin F. Winslow, of Pittsford, Vt., to Mary P. Middleton, daughter of Mr. Robert W. Middleton, of Washington city, D. C. and formerly of Gettysburg.

DIED.

☞ Obituary notices 5 cents a line for all over 4 lines—cash to accompany notices.

SLIFER.—On the 25th ult., in Union township, Charles Luttner, son of Wm. and Mary Ann Slifer, aged 1 year 8 months and 11 days.

New Advertisements.

QUARTERLY REPORT of the GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK.
Gettysburg, January 6th, 1868.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$122,387 56
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	150,000 00
U. S. Bonds on hand	48,000 00
Cash	19,992 59
Due from other Banks	31,894 55
Real Estate	5,000 00
Cash Items	2488 58
Bonds	1,800 00
Expenses	109 25
	$375,672 53

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$145,150 00
Circulation	13,500 00
Deposits	74,526 49
Surplus	16,000 00
Profit and Loss	1,375 61
State Circulation	6,068 00
Dividends unpaid	1,745 23
Discounts	2,420 91
Due to Banks	149 97
	375,672 53

I certify that the above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.
Jan. 8.-3t J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

JOB PRINTING,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
EXECUTED NEATLY AND CHEAPLY
AT THIS OFFICE.

Review of the Markets.

Baltimore Grain and Produce Market.
Baltimore, Tuesday Morning.

SUPER FLOUR	9 50	@	10 00
EXTRA FLOUR	10 50	@	11 00
WHITE WHEAT	2 40	@	2 88
RED WHEAT	2 35	@	2 85
CORN	1 19	@	1 22
RYE	1 60	@	1 70
OATS	73	@	75
BUCKWHEAT	4 50	@	5 00
TIMOTHY-SEED	2 50	@	2 75
CLOVER-SEED	7 75	@	8 25
FLAX-SEED	2 40	@	2 50
BACON, HAMS	17	@	18
" SIDES	13	@	18½
" SHOULDERS	11½	@	11¾
HOGS, ₱ 100 lbs.		@	
BEEF CATTLE, ₱ 100 lbs.		@	
HAY	18 00	@	25 00
WHISKEY		@	
GOLD, Phila.			1 34½

Gettysburg Grain and Provision Market
Gettysburg, Wednesday Morning

SUPER FLOUR			9 00
EXTRA FLOUR			10 00
WHITE WHEAT	2 20	@	2 30
RED WHEAT	2 10	@	2 25
CORN	90	@	1 10
RYE			1 40
OATS			60
BUCKWHEAT			1 00
TIMOTHY SEED			2 50
CLOVER SEED			6 50
POTATOES	1 20	@	1 40
BUTTER			35
LARD			10
EGGS			25
BACON, HAMS	14	@	15
" SIDES			10
" SHOULDERS			10
SOAP	7	@	8
TALLOW			10

New Advertisements.

NEW FORWARDING AND COMMISSION HOUSE.

HAVING purchased the extensive Warehouse, Lots, &c., of CULP & EARNSHAW, the undersigned intend to carry on the business, under the firm of BIGHAM & Co., at the old stand on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, on a more extensive scale than heretofore.

We are paying the highest market price for Hay, Flour, Grain and all kinds of produce.

Flour and Feed, Salt, and all kinds of Groceries, kept constantly on hand and for sale, cheaper than they can be had any where else.

Plaster, and all kinds of fertilizers, constantly on hand, or furnished to order.

☞ A regular line of Freight Cars will leave our Warehouse every TUESDAY NOON, and accommodation trains will be run as occasion may require. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey freight at all times to and from Baltimore. All business of this line entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our corner to the Warehouse of Stevenson & Sons, 205 north Howard street, Baltimore. Being determined to pay good prices, sell cheap and deal fairly, we invite every body to give us a call.

WM. M. BIGHAM,
ALEXANDER COBEAN,
JAMES BIGHAM.

Jan. 8, '68.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between CULP & EARNSHAW has been dissolved by mutual consent, the Ware-house, Cars, &c. having been sold to BIGHAM & Co., who will carry on business at the old stand, and to whom we bespeak the patronage of our friends.

The Books of the Firm will be left in the hands of Geo. E. Culp, who will be found at the Ware-house and will close up unsettled accounts.

HENRY CULP,
GEO. A. EARNSHAW.

Jan. 8, '68.

NOTICE—PAY UP!

All persons knowing themselves indebted to me either by Note or Book account will please make payment before the first of March next, after which no Books will be placed in the hands of either for collection.

Bendersville, Jan. 1—3t* WM. A. ELDEY.

PENMANSHIP AND CARD-WRITING
TAUGHT AT THE
WASHINGTON HOUSE.

Terms $5 each, including Stationery, for a course of
12 LESSONS,

of two hours each per day. Classes are so divided that any four at the same time take Instruction. Ladies instructed at their private Residence—no extra charge, provided a class at each house.

Visiting, Wedding and Address CARDS written in any style, fancy and plain,

Specimens can be seen at the Washington House. Cards engraved and printed on short notice. The necessity of a knowledge of Penmanship is universally admitted. The merchant can save time and trouble, and the extent of his system, by a few words, how to write to the shortest point—sometimes a three-line letter where some of the finest writers require a page. Many persons before taking lessons, produce their own specimens of writing, and attention is especially called to the fact that they are to be written in a manner that would display no skill on the part of scholars, but the new writing to dictation, so that a scholar could now in a letter of every Letter by H. M. All those desiring to take lessons will please call at the Washington House and obtain circulars accordingly.

Jan. 1—2t JUSTUS HARICH

REGISTER'S NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and others persons interested that the Administration Accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on MONDAY, the 20th day of JANUARY, 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz:

1st. The first and final account of Jacob Leer, Administrator of the estate of Margaret Leer, deceased.

2nd. The first and final account of George B. Monfort, Administrator of the estate of Francis Monfort, deceased.

3rd. The first and final account of John Evans, Esq., Administrator of the estate of Henry Fickle, late of Latimore township, Adams co. dec'ased.

4th. The account of Andrew Snyder, Administrator pendente lite of Sarah Doll, dece'sed.

W. D. HOLTZWORTH, Register.

Jan. 1—3t

PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS the Hon. ROBERT J. FISHER, President of the several courts of common Pleas, in the Counties comprising the 19th District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the County of Adams—have issued their precept, bearing date the 20th day of Nov., in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty seven, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace and General Jail Delivery and Court of Oyer and Terminer, at Gettysburg, on *Monday, the 20th day of January, 1868*—

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and Constable, within the said County of Adams, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations, and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also, they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or then shall be in the Jail of the said County of Adams, are to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

PHILIP HANN, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Jan. 1, 1868.

DR. R. HORNER,
PHYSICIAN AND DRUGGIST,
Office and Drug Store, CHAMBERSBURG STREET, GETTYSBURG.

Medical advice without charge.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES, STATIONERY, PERFUMERY, SOAPS, BRUSHES, TOILET ARTICLES, DYE STUFFS, SPICES, BAKING SODA, CREAM OF TARTAR, LAMPS, COAL OIL, &C., &C.

PURE LIQUORS for medicinal purposes.

Dr. R. Horner's OLIEN, a reliable remedy for chapped hands, rough skin, &c.

All articles warranted pure and genuine.

Jan. 1, 1868.—tf

ROBERT D. ARMOR,
GAS FITTER, PLUMBER AND BELL HANGER,
East Middle street, half a square from the Court-house,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,

WILL promptly attend to all orders in his line. Work done in the most satisfactory manner, and at prices as low as can possibly be afforded to make a living.

GAS PIPE

furnished, as well as Chandeliers, Brackets, Drop Lights &c.; also WATER PIPE Stove Top and Frost Spigots, and, in short, everything belonging to gas or water fixtures.

Bells hung, and furnished if desired. Locks of all kinds repaired. [Dec. 25, 1867.—tf

TO BUILDERS.

THE School Directors of Mountjoy township will receive sealed proposals, until the third Saturday in January next, for the building of THREE NEW SCHOOL HOUSES in said township—one at White Run, one at Two Taverns, and the other at Horner's—all to be built of brick. Plans and specifications can be seen at the house of the Secretary. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the Board.

JAMES REEVES, President.
ISAAC LONGSTRETH, Secretary. [Dec. 25, 1867.—3t

Real Estate Sales.

VALUABLE TANNERY AT PRIVATE SALE

The subscriber, wishing to give up the Tanning business, offers at Private Sale, his valuable TANNERY, situate on South Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa., including Brick Beam Shop with 1 pool, 2 limes, and six handlers; Brick Currying Shop; Brick and Frame Bark Mill House; 38 lay-away Vats on the yard, with 8 Leeches and room to add any additional number—constant running Spring water, never-failing, in tan-yard and shops.

This Tannery is located in a region where good Bark is abundant at reasonable prices. Possession of the Tannery will be given to the purchaser immediately, if desired, with a supply of bark to run it.

There is besides a large Two-story BRICK DWELLING on the property, with Spring House, Smoke House, Wood shed, Barn, Corn Crib, Wagon Shed and other outbuildings, with a well of water and also hydrant at kitchen door, with running water through Spring House. There is a variety of best quality of growing Grapes and Fruit on the premises. The property is in good condition, and in every respect a most desirable residence and business stand.

Also, will be sold, A LOT OF GROUND adjoining, containing 1¼ Acres, more or less, with an Apple Orchard and a first-class Spring and Bathing Establishment on it.

Also, A LOT OF GROUND, on the Emmittsburg road, one-half mile from town, containing 8 Acres, which the purchaser can also have, if desired.

☞ Persons desiring to view the premises, or ascertain further particulars, will address the subscriber, residing in Gettysburg, Pa. JOHN WINEBRENNER.

Sept. 18.—tf

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL & PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned, Assignee of LEWIS SNYDER and WIFE, will sell at Public Sale, *on Saturday the 11th day of January next*, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following Real Estate, viz:

A TRACT OF LAND, containing 5 Acres, more or less, improved with a two-story rough-cast dwelling, with a good Spring of Water, and a variety of choice Fruit Trees, situate in Huntington township, on the road leading from Petersburg to Idaville, adjoining lands of Samuel Shelly, Michael Lee, Caroline Stitzel, and others. The Land is all cleared, under good fencing, and in a good state of cultivation.

Also, at the same time and place will be sold, one Horse, Riding Saddle and Bridle, a Spring Wagon, set of new Carriage Harness, a set of Wagon Harness, and a variety of other articles.

JEREMIAH SHELLY, Assignee.

Dec. 25, 1867.—ts

FOR RENT OR SALE,

ONE OF THE BEST TAN-YARDS IN THE COUNTY

The undersigned will rent for a term of years or sell his TAN-YARD at New Oxford, Adams county, Pa., capable of tanning 3000 sides of Leather per year; it being in complete running order—all under roof, with Bark sheds sufficient to hold 400 cords of Bark. This is one of the best Retail Stands in the County. The best quality of Bark can be had at reasonable prices. There is a good Steam Engine attached, which could be had with it if desired. Terms reasonable. Address,

PETER DIEHL,
New Oxford, Pa.

Dec 11.—6t*

A DESIRABLE TOWN PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale, the old DOMAIN DWELLING, at the junction of the Taneytown and Emmittsburg roads, in the borough of Gettysburg. The house is substantially built of stone, and contains twelve large rooms. There is a strong, never-failing Spring of first rate water in the basement and 1½ Acres of land connected with it. The

The Farmer and Housekeeper.

[For the Star and Sentinel.

THE "POINTS" OF DAIRY STOCK.

The Cattle kept on nearly all of the farms in this section of country, are kept for dairy purposes, leaving the production of beef to those sections where cheap land furnishes an abundance of pasturage, at a nominal price. Hence the production of milk and butter is receiving increased attention every year, and the price of these products may be expected to increase annually, as the country grows older. Being more perishable than beef, they must be produced nearer the place of consumption, so that their production must increase as population increases in our great commercial centres.

For this, and other reasons, it has been matter of great surprise to me, that men of scientific attainments have devoted so little time to the investigation of the subject of milk-production. All the works on cattle and dairying, seem to be specially silent in regard to the physiological laws which govern it. Even the late work of Mr. FLINT on "Milch Cows and Dairy Farming," in which I think we had a right to expect more on this point, leaves us in the dark equally as much as the rest. There certainly is no subject to which men of ability in that direction could more profitably devote their time. In the mean time we must content ourselves with a few common sense reflections in that direction.

Lactation, or perhaps more properly *lactification*, is carried on by the stomach, bowels and udder of the sow. In what the exact process consists, we can not now exactly explain; but clear it is, that the milk is produced from the food of the animal. Leaving other considerations out of the question for the present, the milk must then bear some relation to the food consumed—as the food, so the milk.—But the food has other calls to answer in the animal economy. The *life* of the animal must also be sustained by it, and this wan must first be supplied. It can be safely assumed, that in proportion to the size of the animal, will be the amount of the food required for its sustenance, leaving the remainder for the production of milk. Hence, then, other questions apart, that animal which has the smallest carcass to sustain and the greatest capacity for receiving and digesting will be the greatest milker. In other words, the cow with the smallest body, and largest abdomen and udder, will be the best milker.

There are, however, other things to be considered. The lungs expire a great quantity of carbon in the form of carbonic acid, which comes from the blood, and the blood derives it from the food. Now carbon is the principal constituent of all fatty substances, butter included. Hence the more carbon carried off by the lungs, the less will be left to be secreted in the milk. A cow, therefore, with large lungs would naturally secret less carbon or butter in her milk than one with small lungs, and hence it is, that narrow chested cows are generally rich milkers.

But the health and vigor of the animal have also a great influence. An animal in good, vigorous health will naturally consume and digest more food than one in ill-health. The health of an animal is not always so easily pre- udged; but, in general terms, a cow with a sleek coat of hair, clean, roseate skin, and bright, lively expression, will usually be found in vigorous health.

We thus arrive at the conclusion that a cow, with a large abdomen and udder in proportion to her carcass—a narrow chest and sharp withers, and a bright lively look—will be the best milker; and of all the *rules* and *rhymes* laid down for the selection of cows, I have found none to hold out in practice as well as this. The far-famed Alderney cows, noted as rich milkers, owe their superiority to their conformation, I am persuaded, more than to their blood—having small, lean bodies, narrow chests and immense digestive organs.—Mr. PARKINSON, an enemy to this stock, utters it as a reproach to them that "their bellies are four-fifths of their weight." Not long ago an opportunity offered itself for testing these ideas practically. I noticed a cow passing on the road, on her way home from pasture, which looked to me so much like an Alderney that I inquired for her owner. After finding him, I learned that she was but a common cow, bought at a sale. I immediately proposed to buy her, which I succeeded in doing, after the usual amount of bargaining. After getting her home and feeding her until she became reconciled to her new quarters, I tested her milk, placing eight inches in depth in an earthen pot, which, when ready for skimming, yielded two inches of cream on the surface, thus making her milk fully one-fourth cream, which is as much as I ever heard an Alderney breeder claims for his stock.

The attempt to introduce Durham or Short-Horn Cattle for the purposes of the dairy, will be found to be a great piece of folly. The Short-Horn has exactly the opposite formation which is required in a good milker. They are bred entirely for beef, and their virtue consists in having the largest carcass and the least offal, whilst their wide chests and immense lungs indicate that the food is all consumed in the formation of blood and beef. The universal testimony is that their milk is poor in cream, even though it may be large in quantity, and the amount of food consumed is enormous. Notwithstanding these facts, I have often been surprised to see large Durham cows selling for prices far beyond their value as milkers to practical farmers, who say they want them to raise young stock from. In my judgment, the worst thing a man can do, who wishes to improve the butter-making qualities of his stock, is to infuse Durham blood into it. I have owned a Durham cow, whose milk yielded cream no thicker than a sheet of paper, and yet many who saw her, considered her a beauty; and so she was—for the butcher who finally got her. If any farmer wants to get good cows for the dairy, let him go to the poorest land in the county and there, in the corners of the fences, an t in the woods, he can find dozens of cows with immense bellies, developed by the consumption of large quantities of poor food and bran, fleshless carcasses, which, when well fed, will make the *butter* for him, leaving the Durhams for those who buy only for size and appearance.

D. P. F

KILLED BY AN ELEPHANT.—Forepaugh's menagerie, including the elephant Romeo and a number of wild animals, have been housed for the winter at Harboro, about seven miles from Philadelphia. On the morning of the 18th, Mr. Williams, the keeper of the elephant, as was his habit every day, proceeded to wash the elephant's face. After having concluded, and while washing the bucket, Romeo, from some unknown cause, became very much infuriated, and struck Mr. W. with his trunk, breaking his spine, arm and leg. The unfortunate man, now powerless, called for help.—William Duncan, hearing the alarm, hastened to his assistance. But the animal, now furious, fell upon his disabled keeper with his knees upon his body, severing every rib from his spine, grinding his left arm almost to a jelly, and proceeded to butt him with his trunk and tusks. Mr. S. Miller rushed into the stable and, while his men menaced the animal with pitchforks, succeeded in getting Williams away. Several physicians were immediately called, but could render no assistance, and in about two hours the unfortunate man died. The deceased had been connected with elephants nearly all his life, having been keeper of Columbus for eleven years. He had been with Romeo for over a year, always treating him with great gentleness. Since the occurrence he has been very furious, and none can approach his stable without exciting his fire.

Groceries.

JOHN HENDRICKS. HIRAM WARNER.

RECONSTRUCTION.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY

GROCERIES

cheap, come to our store in East York street where everything in our line will be sold at a short profit.

Everything kept in a first class grocery, will be found there, also

CONFECTIONS AND NOTIONS,

TOBACCO AND SEGARS,

Produce taken in exchange for goods, cash paid for old meat.

☞ Farmers come and see

THE WONDER OF THE AGE,

Warren's Electric Churn,

which makes one-fourth more butter than any other Churn (out of the same cream.) We keep them for sale and will be pleased to show them. Don't forget the place.

HENDRICKS & WARREN.

Gettysburg, Sept. 18, 1867.—tf

BARGAINS

at the new

GROCERY

IN GETTYSBURG.

JOHN CRESS & SON

HAVING opened a new Grocery, in Gettysburg, on the north-west corner of the Public Square, have just received a splendid assortment of FRESH

GROCERIES,

including Sugars, Coffee, Molasses, Syrup, Teas, Spices, Tobacco, Salt, Fish, Hams, Shoulders, &c. Also,

QUEENSWARE, CONFECTIONS,

Nuts, Fruits, Soaps, Fancy Articles and Notions generally. We will also keep on hand FLOUR and FEED-STUFFS.

Having purchased for CASH, we are prepared to sel very cheap. Give us a call and judge for yourselves.

JOHN CRESS,

Sept. 25, 1867.—tf J. W. CRESS.

NEW ARRANGEMENTS.

HENRY OVERDEER,

On the Hill in Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa.

HAS made arrangements to get fresh supplies every week from the City and is determined to sell cheap. He invites all to give them a call, his stock consists of Groceries, Notions, Flour, Corn Meal, Choped Feed, Corn, Oats, Fish, Bacon, Lard, Cheese, Crackers, Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff, Sugar, Coffees, Teas, Syrup, Molasses, Candles, Coal Oil, Fish Oil Tar, Best Cider, Vinegar, and a great variety of Notions, Candles, &c., &c.

☞ The cash or trade will be given for County Produce such as Flour, Corn, Oats, Butter, Eggs, Potatoes, Rags, &c. [May 29, 1867.—tf

NEW GROCERY STORE!

TELL EVERYBODY YOU SEE THAT

GILBERT,

JUST above the Court-House, and opposite the *Compiler* Office, will sell you everything in the GROCERY AND PROVISION line cheaper than you can get it elsewhere.

Sugars, Coffees, Molasses,

Candles, Coal Oil, Syrups, Brooms,

Buckets, Tubs, Tobacco, Cigars,

Notions of all kinds, HAM, FISH, OYSTERS, VEGETABLES, always on hand. Give me a call, as I am determined to accommodate. BUTTER, EGGS, and all kinds of Country Produce taken, for which the highest cash price will be given. Don't forget the place—two doors above the Court-House. Don't pass without calling, as I solicit your patronage.

May 29.—tf

New Grocery & Flour Store.

MEALS & BROTHER,

HAVING opened a Grocery, Flour and Vegetable Store, in the Room formerly occupied by Geo. Little, on West Middle street, they extend an invitation to all buyers to give them a call.—Everything in their line, fresh from the city and country, will be kepton hand. They are determined to sell, as cheap as the cheapest, and as they only ask the lowest living profits, they hope to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage.

MEALS & BRO.

May 29, 1866.

Grocery and Liquor Store!

A large assortment of fine

GROCERIES,

Teas, Coffees, White Sugars of all kinds, and Brown Sugars, cheap, prime new crop Orleans Molasses, and all grades of Syrups; MESS MACKEREL, best in market.—All kinds of

LIQUORS,

wholesale and retail, prime Wine, Brandy, Rye Whisky &c., for medicinal and other purposes, in any quantity.

☞ S. Mishler's Herb Bitters and the "Great Zingari Bitters."

WM. J. MARTIN,

May 29, 1867.—tf Balt more st., Gettysburg.

WM. BOYER & SON,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, NOTIONS,

TOBACCOS,

ALSO,

Stone, Wooden and Willow Ware,

☞ A general assortment of all Goods usually kept in a FAMILY GROCERY.

Dec. 4, 1867.—tf

GRAIN AND GROCERIES.—The highest Market price paid for Grain and all kinds of Produce. Groceries, Fertilizers, &c., constantly on hand for sale at the Ware-house of

Aug. 9 1866 CULP & BARNSHAW.

Hotels and Restaurants.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

OPPOSITE THE

N. Y. & NEW HAVEN & WESTERN R. R. DEPOT,

BEACH STREET, BOSTON.

BY F. M. PRATT,

FORMERLY OF THE AMERICAN HOUSE.

Oct. 9, 1867.—1y

KEYSTONE HOTEL.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

WM. E. MYERS, PROPRIETOR.

NOW OPEN.

THIS is a new House, and has been fitted up in the most approved style. Its location is pleasant and convenient, being in the most business portion of the town. Every arrangement has been made for the accommodation and comfort of guests, with ample stabling attached. With experienced servants, and accommodating Clerks, we shall use every endeavor to please. This Hotel is now open for the entertainment of the public, and we kindly solicit a share of public patronage.

[May 29, 1867.

EAGLE HOTEL.

The largest and most commodious in

GETTYSBURG, PENNA.

CORNER OF CHAMBERSBURG AND WASHINGTON STREETS,

JOHN L. TATE, Proprietor.

☞ An Omnibus, for Passengers and Baggage, runs to the Depot, on Arrival and departure of Rail Road Trains.

Careful servants, and reasonable charges.

May 29, 1867.—tf

Forwarding Houses.

NEW FIRM

IN

NEW OXFORD, ADAMS CO., PENNA.

HERSH & BROTHER

HAVE taken the Ware-house recently occupied by D. Hoke.

They are now paying the HIGHEST PRICES for

GRAIN & PRODUCE,

Constantly on hand

CHOICE SELECTIONS

OF

LUMBER, COAL & GROCERIES.

JAMES HERSH,

New Oxford, Oct. 30, 1867. 3m PAUL HERSH.

M'CURDY & HAMILTON,

DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, GROCERIES, &c.

THE undersigned are paying at their Ware-house, in Carlisle street, adjoining Buehler's Hall, the highest prices for

FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, BUCKWHEAT, CLOVER AND TIMOTHY-SEEDS, POTATOES, &c., &c.,

and invite producers to give them a call before selling. They have constantly on hand for sale,

A LARGE SUPPLY OF GROCERIES,

Molasses, Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, &c., with Salt, Fish, Oils, Tar, Soaps, Bacon and Lard, Tobaccos, &c. Also the best brands of FLOUR, with FEED of all kinds. They likewise have

SEVERAL VALUABLE FERTILIZERS,

Soluble Pacific Guano, Rhodes' Phosphate and A A Mexican Guano.

Whilst they pay the highest market prices for all they buy, they sell at the lowest living profits. They ask a share of public patronage, resolved to give satisfaction in every case.

ROBERT McCURDY,

July 3, 1867.—tf WM. S. HAMILTON.

DANIEL GULDEN,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS,

FLOUR, GRAIN, GROCERIES,

LUMBER, COAL, &c.

THE undersigned keeps on hand, at his Ware House, known as "*Gulden's Station*," in Straban township on the line of the Gettysburg Railroad, all kinds of

GROCERIES,

including Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Spices, &c., with Salt Fish, Oils, Tobacco, Bacon, Lard, &c. Also,

LUMBER AND COAL,

including Building Stuff, Shingles Laths, Stove and Blacksmith Coal. Also, Guano, and a large assortment of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes. Hats and Caps of all kinds, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest prices.

He also pays the highest market price for Flour, Grain, Corn, Oats, Buckwheat, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Potatoes, &c., or will receive and forward the same to market on commission. He respectfully asks his friends and the public to give him a call.

DANIEL GULDEN.

Aug. 27, 1867.—tf

FORWARDING

AND COMMISSION HOUSE.

HAVING purchased the extensive Warehouse, Cars, &c., heretofore owned by Samuel Herbst, we beg leave to inform the public that we are continuing the business at the old stand on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, on a more extensive scale than heretofore.

We are paying the highest market price for Flour, Grain and all kinds of produce.

Flour and Feed, Salt, &c. All kinds of Groceries, kept constantly on hand and for sale, cheaper than they can be had anywhere else.

Plaster, and all kinds of fertilisers, constantly on hand, or furnished to order.

☞ A regular line of Freight Cars will leave our Warehouse every DAY FOR BALTIMORE, and connection trains will be run as occasion may require. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey Freight at all times to and from Baltimore. All business in this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of Stevenson & Sons, 165 north Howard street, Baltimore. Being determined to pay good prices, sell cheap and deal fairly, we invite everybody to give us a call.

CULP & BARNSHAW.

Aug. 9, 1866.

W. E. BIDDLE. H. S. BENNER.

100,000 Bushs. Grain Wanted.

NEW FIRM AT THE OLD WARE-HOUSE. WM. E. BIDDLE & CO. would inform the public that they have leased the Warehouse on the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, in Gettysburg, where they will carry on

THE GRAIN AND PRODUCE BUSINESS,

in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Flaxseed, Straw, Hay and Straw. Dried Fruit, Nuts, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.

GROCERIES—On hand, for sale, Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soaps, &c. Also COAL OIL, FISH and SALT, by the barrel, all kinds; Spikes and Nails; Smoking and Chewing Tobacco.

They are always able to supply a first rate article o Flour, with the different kinds of Feed.

Also, Ground Plaster, with Guanos and other fertilizers. CO'AL, by the bushel, ton or car load.

They will run a LINE OF FREIGHT CARS from Gettysburg to Baltimore once every week. They are prepared to convey Freight either way, at

REDUCED RATES. They will attend, it deared, to the making of purchases in the city, and delivering the goods promptly in Gettysburg. Their cars run to the Warehouse of Nathan Roop & Co., No. 128 North Howard street, near Franklin, Baltimore, where freight will be received at anytime. They invite the attention of the public to their line, assuring them that they will spare no effort to accommodate all who may favorize them.

April 19, 1866.—tf BIDDLE & BENNER.

Coal, Lumber, Lime, &c.

GETTYSBURG

LIME KILNS.

THE undersigned has bought out his former partner, Wm. Gunner, and now continues the

LIME-BURNING BUSINESS

himself—at the Gettysburg Lime Kilns; on the corner of the Railroad and North Stratton street. Thankful for past patronage, he will endeavor to deserve its continuance, by prosecuting the business as vigorously and on as large a scale as possible—always selling a good article and giving good measure. Farmers and others may look for the prompt filling of orders.

He also continues the

COAL BUSINESS,

offering the most popular kinds. Housekeepers and others should give him a call. Blacksmith Coal constant ly on hand.

Lime and Coal delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.

Gettysburg, Nov. 20, 1867.—tf JACOB REILEY.

LIME FOR SALE

AT

Michael Leer's Old Stand

AT

PETERSBURG, Y. S. ADAMS COUNTY, PENNA.

JOHN AND PETER BECKMAN

WOULD respectfully announce to the public that they are now prepared to furnish lime in any quantity. Persons would do well to give them a call before going elsewhere as they will find them accommodating in every respect.

Nov. 20, 1867.—3m

LUMBER, & COAL,

AN IMMENSE STOCK!

CORNER OF CARLISLE ST. AND THE RAILROAD, GETTYSBURG, PENNA.

IN order to give the public something like an adequate idea of the immense stock of Lumber, Coal, Stoves, Tin-ware, &c., &c., on hand and for sale by the undersigned, at his establishment, in Carlisle st., across the Railroad from the Passenger Station, he would enumerate as far as the limits of a newspaper advertisement will allow:

IN THE LUMBER LINE:

Boards and Plank of every grade, from cullings to panel, Joists and Scantling, pine and hemlock, Siding, planed and unplaned, Flooring, Shingles, Shingle Laths, Plastering Laths, Pickets, ready-made Doors and Sash, Blinds and Shutters,—in fact, everything used for building purposes.

IN THE COAL LINE:

Shamokin White Ash and Lykens' Valley Red Ash, these two varieties being the purest and best for all domestic purposes. Also the very best Broad-top and Allegheny Smith Coal.

☞ For particulars of Stoves, Tinware, &c., see advertisement under head of Stoves and Tinware.

C. H. BUEHLER,

July 5, 1867.

NEW LUMBER YARD.

THE undersigned has opened a LUMBER YARD, on the Railroad, Near Guinn & Reilly's Lime Kilns, Gettysburg and asks the public to give him a call. His assortment is one of the best ever offered here, and his prices afford only the smallest living profit. He has WHITE PINE PLANK, inch and half BOARDS, FLOORING, PALINGS, &c., &c., and is constantly adding to his stock. Come and examine for yourselves.

☞ A supply of Shingles, at low prices, always on hand.

Nov. 1, 1866.—tf. JACOB SHRADE.

SHINGLES.—Prime Shingles, the best in the market, for sale at JACOB SHRADE'S new Lumber-Yard, on the Railroad, adjoining the Lime Kilns, Gettysburg. Nov. 1866.—3

Carriages, Harness, &c.

NEW FIRM

AT THE OLD STAND.

[ESTABLISHED IN 1817.]

With increased facilities for conducting our business, we are better prepared than ever to satisfy the wants of all those who may need anything in our line. We especially call the attention of Farmers and others to the superior quality of our

Plain or Quilted Seat Horn Side Leathers, Saddles, Hames, all kinds, with or Plain or Quilted Seat no without fastenings, Horn, Housings,

Plain or Quilted Seat Side Scotch Collars (leather), Plain or Fancy Saddle Cloths No Seam Collars, Wagon Saddles, Best Welt Harness Collars, Riding Bridles, of all kinds Patent Leather Collars, fair or black, rounded or stitched or unstitched, flat, Best Leather Wagon Whips, Martingales, 4, 4½ and 5 feet long, Carriage Harness, all styles, Plaited Team Whips, Collar or black mounted, Trotting Whips, Heavy Draft Harness, Ladies' Riding Twigs, Blind Bridles, Whip lashes, Girths, Horse Blankets, &c., &c. Croppers,

In short, everything that pertains to a first class genera horse furnishing establishment constantly on hand or made to order promptly, of the very best material, and by the most experienced workmen in the country, (two having worked in this establishment for the last thirty years.)

We are now manufacturing an excellent lot of Heavy Draft and Harness Collars for those who prefer our own to city made work.

Repairing of all kinds done at short notice and on reasonable terms.

All are cordially invited to call and examine for themselves as our work cannot fail to recommend itself.

Feb. 1, 1866—tf. DAVID McCREARY & SON.

NEW SADDLER SHOP.

ON "the Hill," Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa.—Constantly on hand, or made to order, all kinds of

RIDING SADDLES,

WAGON SADDLES,

CARRIAGE HARNESS,

DRAUGHT HARNESS,

RIDING BRIDLES,

BLIND BRIDLES,

COLLARS,

FLY NETS, &c.

as low as the lowest

May 23, 1867.—tf. J. M. ROWE.

CARRIAGE-MAKING RESUMED.

The war being over, the undersigned have resumed the

CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS,

at their old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg, where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial, and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &c.,

on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest price, and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.

☞ REPAIRING ☜

done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.

A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand for sale.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.

May 29.—tf DANNER & ZIEGLER.

CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES.

TATE & CULP

Are now building a variety of COACH Work of the most and most approved styles, and cannot fail of the best material, to which they invite the attention of buyers. Having built our work with great care, and of such material selected with special reference to beauty of style and durability, we can confidently recommend the work as unsurpassed by any other in or out of the cities. All we ask is an inspection of our work, to convince those in want of any kind of a vehicle that this is the place to buy them.

☞ REPAIRING in every branch done at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Give us a call at our Factory, near the corner of Washington and Chambersburg streets, Gettysburg, Pa.

June 12 1867.—tf

Books, Drugs, Medicines, &c.

HOLIDAY BOOKS!

A. D. BUEHLER

HAS just received a large assortment of *CHOICE AND STANDARD BOOKS*, suitable for

Holiday Presents,

by the most popular authors—

LONGFELLOW,
WHITTIER,
DICKENS,
TENNYSON,
MISS MULBACH,
MAYNE REED, &c.

Also—ALBUMS AND FANCY ARTICLES, useful and ornamental, Stationery, Perfumery, &c. Call and examine

Dec. 18, 1867.—tf

Drugs and Medicines.

FORNEY'S OLD STAND.

THE undersigned having taken charge of this old and popular Store, takes pleasure in informing the public that he is constantly receiving fresh supplies of all kinds of DRUGS AND MEDICINES, from the most reliable houses, and is prepared to accommodate his customers with any article in his line

FRESH DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

of every description, all the popular PATENT MEDICINES of the day, with a full supply of Paints, Perfumery, Paints, Dye Stuffs, Varnishes, Fluids, Turpentine, Hair oils, Extracts, Soaps, Brushes, together with a great variety of Fancy articles—in short, everything usually found in a first class Drug Store—constantly on hand.

☞ Physicians supplied at reasonable rates, and prescriptions carefully compounded and prepared at all hours of the day and night—Sunday not excepted. Being determined to sell cheap, he would ask a liberal share of public patronage. Give us a call and see for yourselves. JOHN S. FORNEY.

May 29, 1867.

Carpenters and Contractors.

WM. C. STALLSMITH & SON,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

CARPENTERS & CONTRACTORS,

Are prepared to do all kinds of Carpentering—contracting and erecting buildings of all kinds, Repairing, &c. They Keep constantly on hand and manufacture order, DOORS, SHUTTERS, BLINDS, SASH, DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES, CORNICE, DOOR AND WINDOW BRACKETS,

And any other Article in the Building Line.

Seasoned material constantly on hand, experienced workmen always in readiness, and work executed with dispatch.

☞ Orders promptly attended to.

WM. C. STALLSMITH,

Sept. 18, 1867—tf C. H. STALLSMITH.

G. C. CASHMAN. H. H. ROWE

CARPENTERING.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that they have commenced the Carpenting in the Shop formerly occupied by George Schryock, deceased. We are prepared to do any work in our line of business and as reasonable as any other establishment in Gettysburg.

We hope by a strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.

May 29, 1867.—tf CASHMAN & ROWE.

TO THE BUILDING COMMUNITY.

AND ALL OTHERS

WHO WISH TO IMPROVE.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he still continues the

CARPENTERING BUSINESS

at his old stand, on West street, Gettysburg, and is ready at all times to accommodate those wanting anything done in his line. He is prepared to furnish all kinds of work for building purposes, of the best material, and as neatly and cheaply as it can be done at any other establishment in the county. Experienced Hands always in readiness and work executed with promptness and dispatch.

☞ Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by attention to business to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

May 29, 1867. WM. CHRISTMAN.

Miscellaneous.

A LIBRARY OF UNIVERSAL INFORMATION,

IN THE NEW

AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA:

A POPULAR DICTIONARY OF GENERAL KNOWLEDGE.

EDITED BY

GEORGE RIPLEY AND CHARLES A. DANA,

AIDED BY A NUMEROUS SELECT CORPS OF WRITERS, IN ALL BRANCHES OF SCIENCE, ART, AND LITERATURE.

In 16 large volumes, 8vo.

750 double-column pages in each volume.

To leading claims to public consideration which the New American Cyclopædia possesses may be thus briefly stated:

1. It surpasses all other works in the fulness and ability of the articles relating to the United States.

2. No other work contains so many reliable biographies of the leading men of this and other nations. In this respect it is far superior even to the more bulky Encyclopædia Britannica.

3. The best minds in this country have been employed in enriching its pages with the latest data, and the most recent discoveries in every branch of manufactures, mechanics, and general science.

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Oct. 16, 1867.—1m

525 MILES

OF THE

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RUNNING WEST FROM OMAHA

ACROSS THE CONTINENT,

ARE NOW COMPLETED.

This brings the line to the eastern base of the Rocky Mountains, and it is expected that the track will be laid thirty miles further, to the highest point on the road, by January. The maximum grade from the foot of the mountains to the summit is but eight feet to the mile, while that of many eastern roads is over one hundred. Work in the rock-cuttings on the western slope will continue through the winter, and there is now no reason to doubt that the entire grand line to the Pacific will be open for business in 1870.

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The United States also makes a donation of 12,800 acres of land to the mile, which will be a source of large revenue to the Company. Much of this land in the Platte Valley is among the most fertile in the world, and other large portions are covered with heavy pine forests and abound in coal of the best quality.

The Company is also authorized to issue its own first Mortgage Bonds to an amount equal to the issue of the Government and no more. Hon. E. D. Morgan and Hon. Oakes Ames are Trustees for the Bondholders, and deliver the Bonds to the Company only as the work progresses, so that they always represent an actual and productive value.

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At present, the profits of the Company are derived only from its local traffic, but this is already much more than sufficient to pay the interest on all the Bonds the Company can issue, if not another mile were built. It is not doubted that when the road is completed the through traffic of the only line connecting the Atlantic and Pacific States will be large beyond precedent, and, as there will be no competition, it can always be done at profitable rates.

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JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer,

Dec. 16, 1867.—1m New York.

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THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he carries on the

WAGON-MAKING BUSINESS

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He hopes, by prompt attention to business, to merit and receive a liberal patronage. Orders addressed to him at Gettysburg, will receive prompt attention.

Aug. 7, 1867.—1y WILLIAM H. HOUCK.

GREAT CONOWAGO MILLS.

10,000 BUSHELS OF WHEAT WANTED

The undersigned having remodeled and improved his mills near New Chester, (formerly called "Walnut Grove") but now "Great Conowago Mills") is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line with unusual dispatch. Constantly on hand, for sale or exchange, the very best qualities of Super, Extra, and Family FLOUR, also Rye, Corn and Buckwheat Flour, with every variety of Chop and offal of wheat.

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Having the best of workmen, he will be able to please every body. Thankful for past favors he hopes for a continuance of the same. H. J. MYER

New Chester, April 23d, 1867.—1y.

Agricultural Implements.

BRINKERHOFF'S

CORN SHELLER, SEPARATOR AND CLEANER.

The undersigned would inform the Agricultural public that he has purchased from the Patentee of this extraordinary machine, the Patent Right for the States of Pennsylvania and Maryland.

Brinkerhoff's Corn Sheller, Separator and Cleaner, is pronounced the best machine of the kind in this country. And in proof, it may be mentioned that the "Advisory Committee appointed to select Implements for exhibition at the Universal Exposition in Paris, in 1867, have selected this Sheller as the best in America," and at the request of J. C. Derby, U. S. Agent, a machine has been shipped to Paris for exhibition. One important feature in the machine is that it will shell ears large, small or crooked, perfectly clean, and separates the cob and chaff from the Corn ready for market.

The fact may also be stated that at the great trial of Agricultural Implements, at Auburn, N. Y., in July last, under the auspices of the New York State Agricultural Society, the Brinkerhoff Corn Sheller, Separator and Cleaner was reported by one of the most competent Committees as the best Corn Sheller out. They say, "We have carefully examined and thoroughly tested this machine, and have no hesitation in pronouncing it *the best Corn Sheller we ever saw.*" The report is signed by such men as John Stanton Gould, President N. Y. State Agricultural Society; R. P. Johnson, Secretary to same; Solon Robinson, Agricultural Editor N. Y. Tribune; S. Edward Todd, Agricultural Editor N. Y. Times.

From among many complimentary newspaper notices, the following, from the N. Y. *Observer*, is deemed sufficient:

"Among all the Hand Corn Shellers made in New York and Albany—and one single firm manufacturers more than 10,000 annually—not